

# Public Input Agenda based on input received on 2020 edition of the ICC 500 Standard

For February, 2023 Meeting – Teleconference

#### Matrix for ICC 500 proposals

Matrix for ICC 500 proposals

Revisions to the text are in legislative format – strikeout of what is to be removed, and underlined for new. Revised text in the proposals in red is to highlight the changes in a proposal where it was difficult to find the revision quickly.

Staff notes located in this document after a proponents reason are provided to indicate proposals that may require coordination; technical information; or terminology that is not good code language (e.g. "may" or "guarantee", the use of "when" where the use is not a function of time). Staff notes are provided to assist the committee or proponent for possible modification. It is not intended to provide an opinion.

Proposal #	Section Number	Date of meeting proposal considered	Committee Action	Notes
	Chapter 1 APPLICA	ATION AND AD	<b>MINISTRATIO</b>	N
IS-STM 01-01-23	104.1			
IS-STM 01-02-23	106.1			
IS-STM 01-03-23	106.2, 106.2.1,			
	106.2.2, 106.2.3,			
	106.2.4, 106.2,5,			
	106.2.6			
IS-STM 01-04-23	106.2.1			
IS-STM 01-05-23	106.2.3			
IS-STM 01-06-23	106.2.5, 106.2.6			
IS-STM 01-07-23	107.1, 107.2, 107.3			
IS-STM 01-08-23	107.3, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 114			
IS-STM 01-09-23	108.3(New), 113.2,			
	113.3.3(New),			
	113.4			
IS-STM 01-10-23	109.1			
IS-STM 01-11-23	112, 112.1, 112.1.1			
	Chant	or 2 DEFINITIO	NC	
IC CTM 00 04 00		er 2 DEFINITIO	NS	A
IS-STM 02-01-23	202			Approved agency, base
				flood elevation, listed,
IC CTM 02 02 22	200			special inspection
IS-STM 02-02-23	202			Critical support system, storm shelter
IC CTM 02 02 22	202			
IS-STM 02-03-23				Host building
IS-STM 02-04-23	202			Labe, Labeled, Listed
IS-STM 02-05-23	202			Occupied storm shelter areas
IS-STM 02-06-23	202			Protected occupant area
IS-STM 02-07-23	202			Storm shelter

Proposal #	Section Number	Date of meeting proposal considered	Committee Action	Notes	
	Chapter 3 STRU	L CTURAL DESIG	ON CRITERIA		
IS-STM 03-01-23	302.2, 302.3				
IS-STM 03-02-23	203, 301.4(New),			ASCE 7	
	302.5(New), 304,				
	Table 305.1.1,				
	Chapter 9				
IS-STM 03-03-23	304.9				
IS-STM 03-04-23	305.2.2				
IS-STM 03-05-23	306.4, 306.4.1.1,				
	306.4.1.2,				
	306.4.1.3,				
	306.4.1.4, 306.4.2,				
10.0714.00.00	306.5, 306.6				
IS-STM 03-06-23	306.4.1, 306.4.1.3				
IS-STM 03-07-23	306.4.1.1				
IS-STM 03-08-23	306.4.1.1, 306.5 306.4.1.2				
IS-STM 03-09-23 IS-STM 03-10-23	306.4.1.5(New)				
IS-STM 03-10-23	306.5,				
13-3110103-11-23	306.5,1(New),				
	306.5.2(New),				
	306.5.2.1(New),				
	306.5.2.2(New)				
	, ,				
	Chapter 4 SITING				
Chantar 5 C	CCUPANCY, MEANS	OF ECDESS A	ACCESS AND	ACCESSIBILITY	
IS-STM 05-01-23	502	UF EGRESS, F	ACCESS AND	ACCESSIBILITY	
IS-STM 05-02-23	502.2.1, 502.2.2,				
18 81M 88 82 28	502.3, 503.2				
IS-STM 05-03-23	502.3,				
	502.3.1(New),				
	502.3.2(New)				
IS-STM 05-04-23	502.3				
IS-STM 05-05-23	502.5				
IS-STM 05-06-23	504.1, 504.3,				
	504.4, 504.5,				
	505.2, 505.3,				
	505.3.1, 506.1,				
	506.3, 506.3.1,				
IS-STM 05-07-23	506.5 504.6				
IS-STM 05-07-23	504.6				
LIS-STM 05-09-23	1 304.0			1	
IS-STM 05-09-23 IS-STM 05-10-23	504.6 507.1(New)				
IS-STM 05-09-23 IS-STM 05-10-23 IS-STM 05-11-23	507.1(New) 507.3				
IS-STM 05-10-23	507.1(New)				
IS-STM 05-10-23 IS-STM 05-11-23	507.1(New) 507.3				

Proposal #	Section Number	Date of meeting proposal considered	Committee Action	Notes
IS-STM 05-15-23	508.1			
IS-STM 05-16-23	508.2			
IS-STM 05-17-23	508.3,			
	508.3.3(New),			
10.0714.05.40.00	508.4, 508.5			
IS-STM 05-18-23	508.6			
	Chapte	er 6 FIRE SAFE	TY	
IS-STM 06-01-23	603.1			
IS-STM 06-02-23	603.1			
IS-STM 06-03-23	603.1			
IS-STM 06-04-23	603.1			
IS-STM 06-05-23	603.1, Chapter 9			NFPA 101
IS-STM 06-06-23	603.1.1			
IS-STM 06-07-23	603.1.1			
IS-STM 06-08-23	604.1, 604.2,			NFPA 10
	Chapter 9			
IS-STM 06-09-23	604.2			
	- 7 OUEL TED FOOEN	ITIAL FEATUR	FO AND AGO	
IS-STM 07-01-23	er 7 SHELTER ESSEN Chapter 7 Title	TIAL FEATUR	ES AND ACCI	ESSURIES
IS-STM 07-01-23	701.2 (twice),			
13-31WI 07-02-23	701.2 (twice), 702.1, 703.1			
IS-STM 07-03-23	703.2, Table 703.2,			
18-3111107-03-23	703.2, 14516 703.2,			
	Table 703.2,			
	703.2.1			
IS-STM 07-04-23	702.4			
IS-STM 07-05-23	702.4.2			
IS-STM 07-06-23	702.5, 702.5.1,			
	702.5.2, 702.5.3,			
	703.7, 703.7.1,			
	703.7.2, 703.7.3,			
	703.7.4. 703.7.5			
IS-STM 07-07-23	703.3.4.1			
IS-STM 07-08-23	703.3.4.1, 703.4			
IS-STM 07-09-23	703.6			
IS-STM 07-10-23	703.6			
IS-STM 07-11-23	703.3.4.1, Table			
10.0714.07	703.4.1(New)			
IS-STM 07-12-23	703.7.3			<u> </u>
Chanto	r 8 TEST METHODS F	OR IMPACT A	ND DDESSIID	F TESTING
IS-STM 08-01-23	802.5	OR IIVIFACTA	FKE33UK	LIESTING
IS-STM 08-02-23	803.9			
IS-STM 08-03-23	803.9.1			
IS-STM 08-04-23	Figure 803.9.3(2)			
IS-STM 08-05-23	803.9.4.3, Figure			
	803.9.4.3			
IS-STM 08-06-23	202, 803.9.5			

Proposal #	Section Number	Date of meeting proposal considered	Committee Action	Notes
IS-STM 08-07-23	202, 803.9.5, 803.9.5.1(New), 803.9.5.2(New), 803.9.5.3(New), Figure 803.9.5.3(1)(New), Figure 803.9.5.3(2)(New)			
IS-STM 08-08-23	803.9.6(New)			
IS-STM 08-09-23	803.9.6			
IS-STM 08-10-23	803.9.6			
IS-STM 08-11-23	803.9.7			
IS-STM 08-12-23	803.9.7.3			
IS-STM 08-13-23	803.10.1, 803.10.4			
IS-STM 08-14-23	803.11(New)			
IS-STM 08-15-23	805.3.2			
IS-STM 08-16-23	805.4(New), 805.4.1(New), 805.4.2(New), 805.4.3(New)			
IS-STM 08-17-23	805.5(New)			
		FERENCED STA	ANDARDS	
IS-STM 09-01-23	Chapter 9			ASCE 7; ASTM E330; FM 4474; IBC; ICC A117.1; IPC; IRC; NFPA 10; TMS 602; UL1897
IS-STM 09-02-23	Chapter 9			ASCE 7
	Multi-c	hapter propos	als	
IS-STM A-01-23	A104.4.1			
IS-STM A-02-23	A105.1, A105.2, A105.2.1, A105.2.2			
IS-STM A-03-23	A105.3			
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# Chapter 1 APPLICATION AND ADMINISTRATION

#### IS-STM 01-01-23 104.1

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 104 CONSTRUCTION AND OCCUPANCY

**104.1** Occupied for other purposes Storm shelters within host buildings. Where a designated storm shelters is constructed as a room or space within a host building Storm shelters that will normally be occupied for other purposes shall comply with the requirements of the applicable code for the occupancy of the building, or the individual rooms or spaces thereof, shall apply unless otherwise required by ICC 500.

**Reason:** It doesn't matter if within or adjacent to or stand alone - this paragraph is not about the host building, its about occupancy classification and use. Does designated mean solely a storm shelter or just that this space is also used as the shelter? This is not consistent with use of phrase "designated occupancy" twice in 104.2.

Report for 01-01- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
Proponent:		
Desired Action:		
Modification:		
Reason:		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING – FIRST DRAFT		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- SECOND DRAFT:		
Proponent:		
Desired Action:		
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Reason:		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

2020 ICC 500-Standard Revision Proposals			

### IS-STM 01-02-23

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 106 SUBMITTAL DOCUMENTS

**106.1 General.** Submittal documents consisting of construction documents and other documentation shall be prepared and submitted to the authority having jurisdiction with each permit application. Such documents shall contain information as required by the applicable code and this standard. Storm shelter construction documents, including the design information listed in Section 106.2.1, shall be prepared and sealed by a registered design professional.

**Reason:** Why is the design information highlighted, but not 106.2.3 - 106.2.6? All submittal documents listed under section 106 shall be prepared and sealed by a RDP.

Report for 01-02- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:	-	·
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING – FIRST DRAFT		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

#### IS-STM 01-03-23

106.2, 106.2.1, 106.2.2, 106.2.3, 106.2.4, 106.2.5, 106.2.6

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 106 SUBMITTAL DOCUMENTS

**106.2** <u>Design</u> <u>Information required</u>. The following information applicable to <u>the design</u>, construction, and operation of the storm shelter shall be <u>supplied as part of the construction documents</u> <u>referenced on a single sheet within the construction documents</u>.

**106.2.1 Design information.** For the areas of a building designed for occupancy as a storm shelter, the following information shall be provided within the construction documents:

- 1. Type of *storm shelter*. Residential or community and tornado, hurricane or a combination of both.
- 2. Use of *community storm shelter*: use by the general public, building occupants or a combination of both.
- 3. A statement that the design conforms to the provisions of the ICC 500 *Standard* for the Design and Construction of Storm Shelters, with the edition year specified.
- 4. The storm shelter design wind speed, V<sub>T</sub>, V<sub>H</sub>, or both, mph (m/s).
- 5. The wind exposure category (indicate all where more than one is used).
- 6. The internal pressure coefficient, GC<sub>pi</sub>.
- 7. The topographic factor,  $K_{zt}$ .
- 8. The directionality factor,  $K_d$ .
- 9. Design wind pressures and their applicable zones with dimensions needed for the specification of the components and cladding of the storm shelter envelope, psf (kN/m²).
- 10. Where the *storm shelter* is subject to the requirements of Section 402.1, a statement that the *storm shelter* has or has not been constructed in accordance with Chapter 4.
- 11. Where the *storm shelter* is subject to the requirements of Section 402.1, the minimum elevation of the lowest floor required by the *authority having jurisdiction* for the location where the *storm shelter* is installed; the *base flood elevation, 500-year flood elevation* and *storm surge flood elevation* where applicable; and the *storm shelter* floor elevation. Where the National Hurricane Center's Sea, Lake and Overland Surges from Hurricanes (SLOSH) or other approved source is

- utilized for data, the construction documents shall indicate the version, date and the source of the maps.
- 12. Documentation showing that components of the *storm shelter envelope* will meet the static and cyclic pressure and impact test requirements identified in Chapters 3 and 8.
- 13. A floor plan drawing or image indicating location of the *storm shelter* on a site or within a building or facility; including a drawing or image indicating the entire facility.
- 14. A *storm shelter* section or elevation indicating the height of the *storm shelter* relative to the finished grade, finished floor and the *host building*, where applicable.
- 15. The lowest *storm shelter* floor elevation and corresponding datum, except for *residential tornado shelters* outside of special *flood hazard areas*.
- 16. The design occupant capacity.
- 17. Calculations for the *usable floor area*, in square feet (m<sup>2</sup>).
- 18. Calculations for the venting area provided and the locations in the *storm shelter*.
- 19. Calculations for the number of sanitation facilities for *community storm shelters*.
- 20. Minimum foundation capacity requirements including foundation thickness, steel reinforcement and concrete cover.
- 21. Storm shelter installation requirements, including anchor location, minimum edge and end distance and minimum required capacity for all post-installed anchors.
- 22. For *hurricane shelters*, the rainfall rate of the roof primary drainage system.
- 23. For *hurricane shelters*, the rainfall rate of the roof secondary (overflow) drainage system where required.
- 24. For *hurricane shelters*, the rainwater drainage design rainfall rate for facilities subject to rainwater impoundment.

**106.2.2 Design information documentation.** Design information listed in Section 106.2.1 and instructions listed in Section 106.2.6 shall be documented or explicitly referenced on a single sheet within the construction documents

**106.3 106.2.3 Enclosure.** (no change to text)

**106.4 106.2.4 Signage.** (no change to text)

106.5 106.2.5 Storm shelter details. (no change to text)

106.6 106.2.6 Storm shelter instructions. (no change to text)

**Reason:** The list under 106.2.1 would become part of 106.2. Consider reorganizing the 24 items in the list in a more logical order, perhaps by discipline and where they'd show up in a plan set (e.g. architectural, structural, MEP). Sections 106.1, 106.2, 106.2.1, and 106.2.2 all say "within the construction documents", which this should not need to unnecessarily be repeated.

Report for 01-03- 2023		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING – FIRST DRAFT		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:	_	_
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Committee Reason:		_

### IS-STM 01-04-23

Proponent: Pataya Scott, representing FEMA

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 106 SUBMITTAL DOCUMENTS

**106.2.1 Design information.** For the areas of a building designed for occupancy as a storm shelter, the following information shall be provided within the construction documents:

- 1. Type of *storm shelter*. Residential or community and tornado, hurricane or a combination of both.
  - 2. Use of *community storm shelter*: use by the general public, building occupants or a combination of both.
  - 3. A statement that the design conforms to the provisions of the ICC 500 Standard for the Design and Construction of Storm Shelters, with the edition year specified.
  - 4. The *storm shelter* design wind speed, V<sub>T</sub>, V<sub>H</sub>, or both, mph (m/s).
  - 5. The wind exposure category (indicate all where more than one is used).
  - 6. The internal pressure coefficient,  $GC_{pi}$ .
  - 7. The topographic factor,  $K_{zt}$ .
  - 8. The directionality factor,  $K_d$ .
  - 9. Design wind pressures and their applicable zones with dimensions needed for the specification of the components and cladding of the storm shelter envelope, psf (kN/m²).
- 10. Where the *storm shelter* is subject to the requirements of Section 402.1, a statement that the *storm shelter* has or has not been constructed in accordance with Chapter 4.
- 11. Where the *storm shelter* is subject to the requirements of Section 402.1, the minimum elevation of the lowest floor required by the *authority having jurisdiction* for the location where the *storm shelter* is installed; the *base flood elevation, 500-year flood elevation* and *storm surge flood elevation* where applicable; and the *storm shelter* floor elevation. Where the National Hurricane Center's Sea, Lake and Overland Surges from Hurricanes (SLOSH) or other approved source is utilized for data, the construction documents shall indicate the version, date and the source of the maps.
- 12. Documentation showing that components of the *storm shelter envelope* will meet the static and cyclic pressure and impact test requirements identified in Chapters 3 and 8.

- A floor plan drawing or image indicating location of the storm shelter on a site or within a building or facility; including a drawing or image indicating the entire facility.
- 14. A *storm shelter* section or elevation indicating the height of the *storm shelter* relative to the finished grade, finished floor and the *host building*, where applicable.
- 15. The lowest *storm shelter* floor elevation and corresponding datum, except for *residential tornado shelters* outside of special *flood hazard areas*.
- 16. The design occupant capacity.
- 17. Calculations for the *usable floor area*, in square feet (m<sup>2</sup>).
- 18. Calculations for the venting area provided and the locations in the *storm shelter*.
- 19. Calculations for the number of sanitation facilities for *community storm shelters*.
- 20. Minimum foundation capacity requirements including foundation thickness, steel reinforcement and concrete cover.
- 21. Storm shelter and storm shelter component installation requirements, including anchor location, minimum edge and end distance and minimum required capacity for all post-installed anchors.
- 22. For *hurricane shelters*, the rainfall rate of the roof primary drainage system.
- 23. For *hurricane shelters*, the rainfall rate of the roof secondary (overflow) drainage system where required.
- 24. For *hurricane shelters*, the rainwater drainage design rainfall rate for facilities subject to rainwater impoundment.

**Reason:** As written, requirement doesn't necessarily apply to components where post-installed anchors are typically utilized.

Report for 01-04- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
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Report for 01-04-2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:	_	

### IS-STM 01-05-23

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 106 SUBMITTAL DOCUMENTS

**106.2.3** Storm shelter envelope Enclosure. Where a storm shelter is to be constructed as a portion of a host building, the The roofs, walls, and floors comprising enclosing the storm shelter envelope shall be clearly indicated in the construction documents on the drawings.

**Reason:** The storm shelter perimeter (storm shelter envelope) shall be clearly indicated (roofs, walls, floors) in any scenario regardless if freestanding, adjacent to, partially within, or fully within a host building.

Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		<u> </u>
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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FINAL ACTION:	_	
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

# **IS-STM 01-06-23** 106.2.5, 106.2.6

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 106 SUBMITTAL DOCUMENTS

**106.2.5 Storm shelter details.** The <u>submittal</u> <del>construction</del> documents shall <del>provide or</del> include any manufacturer's details or installation instructions for systems or equipment designed for the protection and operation of the storm shelter.

**106.2.6 Storm shelter instructions.** The <u>submittal</u> <del>construction</del> documents shall <del>provide or</del> include any details or instructions required for the functional operation of the storm shelter, such as:

- 1. Type and location of equipment and amenities required within the *storm shelter*, including water supply, sanitary facilities, fire extinguishers, batteries, flashlights, special emergency lighting equipment or any other equipment required to be installed in the *storm shelter*.
- 2. Specifications for any alarm system to be installed.
- 3. Instructions for the installation or deployment of any *impact-protective systems* such as shutters, screens, doors or windows.
- 4. Instructions for the installation, activation or deployment of any mechanical, electrical and plumbing equipment.

**Reason:** Submittal documents includes everything that needs to be submitted for the permit. Construction documents are what the contractor needs on the site. See where else terms are used. The proposed reorganization above takes these out of the section listing items that need to be on the construction documents.

Manufacturer's installation instructions or functional operation instructions should be included in the submittal documents more generally. Say provide or include, not both.

**Committee Action: (Vote:)** 

Modification (if any): Committee Reason:

Report for 01-06- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
Proponent:		

Report for 01-06- 2023		
Desired Action:		
Modification:		
Reason:		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING – FIRST DRAFT		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- SECOND DRAFT:		
Proponent:		
Desired Action:		
Modification:		
Reason:		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

# **IS-STM 01-07-23** 107.1, 107.2, 107.3

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 107 QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN

**107.1 Quality assurance plan.** The construction documents for community storm shelters shall contain a quality assurance plan <u>prepared by a registered design professional</u> in accordance with Sections 107.2 through 107.4. and shall identify the following:

#### 107.2 Detailed requirements. A quality assurance plan shall be provided for the following:

- 1. Roof cladding, soffits and roof framing connections.
- 2. Wall connections to roof and floor diaphragms and framing.
- 3. Roof and floor diaphragm systems, including con- nectors, drag struts and boundary elements.
- 4. Main windforce-resisting systems, including braced frames, moment frames and shear walls.
- 5. Main windforce-resisting system connections to the foundation.
- 6. Fabrication and installation of components and assemblies that are part of wall assemblies, roof assemblies or *impact-protective systems* of the *storm shelter envelope* required to meet impact or static or cyclic pressure test requirements of Chap- ter 3, such as, window assembly, door assembly, shutter assembly or louver.
- 7. Wall cladding and wall cladding connections.
- 8. Corrosion resistance or protection of exposed metal connectors providing load path continuity.
- 9. Storm shelter critical support systems and connections and impact protection of the components and connections.
- 10. Foundation design.
- 11. Prefabricated *storm shelter* installation require- ments, including anchor location and minimum required capacity for each type of anchor.
- 12. Prefabricated *storm shelter* minimum foundation capacity requirements.

**107.3 Quality assurance plan preparation.** A quality assurance plan prepared by a registered design professional shall be provided for each main windforce-resisting system and wind-resisting components and cladding.

The quality assurance plan shall identify the following:

1. The main windforce-resisting systems and wind- resisting components and

cladding.

- 2. The special inspections and testing to be required in accordance with Section 110.1.
  - 3.13. The type and frequency of testing required.
  - 4.14. The type and frequency of *special inspections* required in accordance with Section 110.
  - 5.15. The structural observations to be performed in accordance with Section 111.1.
  - 6.16. The required distribution, type and frequency of reports of test, inspections and structural observations.

**Reason:** Not sure why we need 2 lists between 107.2 and 107.3 as several items repeat. Propose delete section 107.3 and add remaining items to end of 107.2. Another alternative would be to make section 107.3 just about tests, inspections, observations, and reports.

107.3: Item 1 is already identified in 107.2. Item 2 is the same as 3 and 4. Delete lines 1 and 2, and in line 4 add "in accordance with Section 110" at end of sentence.

Report for 01-07- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:	·	
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

IS-STM 01-08-23 107.3, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 114

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

SECTION 107 QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN SECTION 109 108 PEER REVIEW SECTION 108 109 OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY

### SECTION 110 CONTRACTOR'S STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

107.3 110.1 Contractor's statement of responsibility. Each con- tractor responsible for the construction, fabrication or installation of a main windforce-resisting system, impact- protective system or any component listed in the quality assurance plan shall submit a written statement of responsibility to the authority having jurisdiction, the responsible design professional and the owner or the owner's authorized agent prior to the commencement of work on the system or component. The contractor's statement of responsibility shall contain:

- 1. Acknowledgement of awareness of the special requirements contained in the quality assurance plan.
- 2. Acknowledgement that control will be exercised to obtain compliance with the construction documents.
- 3. Procedures for exercising control within the con- tractor's organization, the method and frequency of reporting and the distribution of reports.
- 4. Identification and qualifications of the person exercising such control and their position in the organization.

**Exception:** A written statement of responsibility shall not be required for the fabrication of *storm shelter* com- ponents that have been inspected and *labeled* by an *approved agency* as meeting the requirements of the *applicable code* and this standard.

SECTION 110 111 SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

**SECTION 411 112 STRUCTURAL OBSERVATIONS** 

SECTION  $\frac{112}{113}$  LISTING AND LABELING.

SECTION 113 114 EVALUATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

**Reason:** Proposed re-organization of Chapter 1 to better follow sequence of design and construction. Contractor's statement should be it's own section. The intent is also that the clear distinction of responsibility is outlined for design professionals, peer reviewers, owners, and contractors.

Staff Note: Section 112 Listing and Labeling proposed to be relocated in 01-09-23.

Report for 01-08- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING – FIRST DRAFT		
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Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- SECOND DRAFT:		
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Reason:		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

#### IS-STM 01-09-23

108.3(New), 113.2, 113.3.3(New), 113.4

Proponent: Marc Levitan, representing ICC Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 108 OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY

- **108.1 Owner's statement of responsibility.** For each *com- munity storm shelter,* the owner shall submit to the *authority having jurisdiction* a written statement of responsibility acknowledging the owner's responsibilities regarding shelter operation and maintenance with the application for a construction permit.
- **108.2 Preparedness and emergency operations plan.** For each *community storm shelter,* the owner or the owner's authorized agent shall submit to the *authority having jurisdiction* a written preparedness and emergency operations plan for the *storm shelter* prior to approval of the certificate of occupancy.
- 108.3 Testing and maintenance plan. For each community storm shelter, the owner or the owner's authorized agent shall submit to the authority having jurisdiction a written testing and maintenance plan for impact protective systems and critical support systems for the storm shelter prior to approval of the certificate of occupancy. Testing and maintenance schedules and procedures shall be in accordance with the manufacturers requirements.

#### SECTION 113 EVALUATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

- **113.1 General.** Community shelters shall be evaluated and maintained in accordance with Sections 113.2 through 113.4.
- **113.2 Evaluation.** The owner or owner's authorized agent shall evaluate the *storm shelter* annually and when requested by the *authority having jurisdiction*. The evaluation of the storm shelter shall include the following:
  - 1. The *storm shelter envelope* shall be evaluated through visual observation to assess whether the walls and roofs are intact and undamaged.
  - 2. *Impact-protective systems* shall be evaluated for compliance with the manufacturer's operational and maintenance requirements.
  - 3. <u>Critical support systems testing, maintenance, and repair records shall be</u> reviewed for compliance with Section 113.3.3.
- **113.3 Maintenance and repairs.** *Storm shelters* shall be maintained in an operable condition at all times. All structural and operational elements shall be repaired or replaced where damaged or found to be inoperable.

- **113.3.1 Damaged or missing components.** Storm shelters shall be maintained so that walls and roofs are intact and undamaged. Any damage to the storm shelter or its impact-protective systems that impair its functionality shall be repaired or replaced. Damaged or missing components shall be replaced with components that are specified within the tested or listed assembly.
- **113.3.2 Replacement assemblies and systems.** Where it is necessary to replace certified or listed *impact-protective systems*, replacements shall comply with applicable ICC 500 requirements, and shall be tested and installed as required by this standard for new installations or construction.
- 113.3.3 Critical support systems. Critical support systems shall be tested and maintained and repaired in compliance with manufacturers requirements and Section 108.3. Stored supplies such as generator fuel and water supply shall be maintained at appropriate levels in accordance with Section 108.3.
- **1113.4 Recordkeeping.** A record of the evaluations shall be maintained by the owner or owner's authorized agent. A record of the evaluations, and any other tests, repairs or replacements, and other operations and maintenance shall be kept on the premises or other *approved* location. and consist of all All changes to the original storm shelter envelope or impact-protective systems or critical support systems shall be recorded. Records shall include the date and person conducting the evaluations and maintenance or repairs.

**Reason:** Generator, batteries, mechanical systems and other critical support systems need periodic testing and maintenance, and when not operating correctly, repairs. If they are important enough that we require these systems to be included with the shelter when constructed, they need be tested, maintained and repaired so that they will be in working order when the shelter is needed, otherwise, why bother to require them in the first place?

To simplify application of the requirements for scheduling and evaluation of maintenance and testing, a testing and maintenance plan is added to Section 108, which would include compilation of manufacturers requirements and things like minimum generator fuel and potable water levels.

Report for 01-09- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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Report for 01-09- 2023		
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PUBLIC COMMENT- SECOND DRAFT:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

### IS-STM 01-10-23

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

### **SECTION 109 PEER REVIEW**

**109.1 Storm shelters requiring peer review.** A peer review shall be conducted for the following community storm shelter types:

- 1. Community storm Storm shelters with a design occupant capacity of 50 or greater.
- 2. Storm shelters in elementary schools, secondary schools and day care facilities with a design occupant capacity greater than 16.
- 3. Storm shelters for buildings and structures assigned to Risk Category IV (essential facilities) as defined in Table 1604.5 in the International Building Code.

**Reason:** Fact of the matter is all 3 categories listed are Community Storm Shelters since anything over 16 occupants is designed as such; therefore, the clarity in item 1 is not necessary if it's not lost in item 2 and 3.

Report for 01-10- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

#### IS-STM 01-11-23 112, 112.1, 112.1.1

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 112 LISTING AND LABELING

### SECTION 306 STORM SHELTER ENVELOPE COMPONENT DESIGN AND TESTING

<u>306.7</u> <u>112.1</u> Listing and labeling. *Impact-protective systems* shall be *listed* and *labeled* denoting compliance with this standard.

<u>306.7.1</u> <u>112.1.1</u> **Marking.** The following function and performance characteristics shall be provided on the *label* for each *impact-protective system* tested:

- 1. Manufacturer's identification reference or listing number for the assembly.
- 2. Type of *impact-protective system*, such as window assembly, door assembly, shutter assembly or louver.
- 3. Hazard: hurricane, tornado or both.
- 4. Missile weight and speed.
- 5. Design wind pressure.
- 6. Edition of ICC 500.

**Reason:** Section 112 Listing and Labeling is no longer administrative since it is specifically related to design and testing of impactive-protective systems and would be better included in 306. The definitions for Listed and Labeled should be correlated with the 2024 IBC.

Staff note: The correlation for Listed in in 02-01-23. Label and Labeled are the same in IBC and ICC 500.

Report for 01-11-2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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Report for 01-11- 2023		
PUBLIC COMMENT- SECOND DRAFT:		
Proponent:		
Desired Action:		
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Reason:		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
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Committee Reason:		

# Chapter 2 **DEFINITIONS**

# IS-STM 02-01-23

Proponent: ICC 500 committee

Revise as follows:

[A] APPROVED AGENCY. An established and recognized agency organization that is regularly engaged in conducting tests, furnishing inspection services or furnishing product evaluation or certification where such agency organization has been approved.

**[BS] BASE FLOOD ELEVATION.** The elevation of the *base flood*, including wave height, relative to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD), North American Vertical Datum (NAVD) or other datum specified on the *Flood Insurance Rate Map* (FIRM).

**[A] LISTED.** Equipment, materials, products or services included in a list published by an organization acceptable to the *building official* and concerned with evaluation of products or services that maintains periodic inspection of production of listed equipment or materials or periodic evaluation of services and whose listing states either that the equipment, material, product or service meets identified standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose. <u>Terms that are used to identify listed equipment, products, or materials include "listed", "certified", "classified" or other terms as determined appropriate by the listing organization.</u>

**SPECIAL INSPECTION.** Inspection of construction requiring the expertise of a <u>an approved</u> special inspector in order to ensure compliance with this standard and the approved construction documents.

**Reason:** Staff reviewed the definitions in the I-codes that were used in the ICC 500 for consistency. This proposal identifies the differences.

- Approved agency ADM13-22 AM
- Base flood elevation existing in 2021
- Listed ADM1-22 Part 1 AS
- Special Inspection existing in 2021

Please note that the 2020 ICC 500 changed the definition for Community Storm Shelter, but we did not submit a code change proposal to change to IBC or IEBC to include that change.

Committee Action: Approval/Approval as Modified/Disapproval (Vote:)

### Modification (if any): Committee Reason:

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Report for 02-01- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
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# IS-STM 02-02-23

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 3

#### Revise as follows:

CRITICAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS, STORM SHELTER. Systems and components required by Chapter 7 to ensure the health, safety, and well-being of shelter occupants. Critical support systems include, water closets, lavatories, sanitation support systems, roof drainage systems, ventilation systems, potable water and waste water systems, emergency and standby power system, and emergency power systems, and lighting systems, and ventilation systems.

**Reason:** The definition should be revised to coordinate with the terminology used in Chapter 7. 'Potable' is no longer used. The list includes systems required in hurricane shelters in the order listed.

Staff Note: This term is used in Chapter 1 and 7.

Report for 02-02- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

# IS-STM 02-03-23

Proponent: Brian Rayner, Kirpatrick Forest Curtic PC, representing self

#### Revise as follows:

**HOST BUILDING**. A building <u>or element</u> that is not designed or constructed as a *storm shelter* that totally or partially encloses, or is connected to, a *storm shelter*.

**Reason:** On stand alone shelters where there is not a host building, over framing or other architectural elements currently do not require designing to the provisions of section 304.9. Changing the definition of host building to include any element connected to the shelter that is not part of the shelter envelope ensures the maximum force that could be transmitted to the shelter is considered in the structural design. Refer attached page 41 excerpt from NIST SP 1164 "Preliminary Reconnaissance of the May 20, 2013 Newcastle-Moore Tornado in Oklahoma" showing light-framed elements of the Moore Medical Center not designed for tornadic forces remaining in place and potentially transferring load to the primary structure.

Report for 02-03- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		<u> </u>
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Committee Reason:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

# IS-STM 02-04-23

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA DPC

#### Revise as follows:

**LABEL.** An identification <u>affixed to an assembly or device</u> applied on a product by the manufacturer that contains the name of the manufacturer, the function and performance characteristics of the product or material, and the name and identification of an *approved* agency and that indicates that the representative sample of the product or material has been tested and evaluated by an *approved agency*, a nationally recognized testing laboratory, approved agency or other organization that provides listing services.

**LABELED.** Equipment, materials or products to which has been affixed a *label*, seal, symbol or other identifying mark of a nationally recognized testing laboratory, *approved agency* or other organization concerned with product evaluation that maintains periodic inspection of the production of the above- labeled items and whose labeling indicates either that the equipment, material or product meets identified standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose. <u>An assembly or device to which a label has been affixed</u>.

**LISTED.** An assembly or device, Equipment, materials, products or services included in a list published by an *approved* organization and concerned with evaluation of <u>an assembly, device</u>, products or services that maintains periodic inspection of production of listed equipment or materials or periodic evaluation of services and whose listing states either that the <u>assembly, device</u>, equipment, material, <u>or</u> product <del>or service</del> meets identified standards or has been tested and found suit- able for a specified purpose.

**Reason:** We know some definitions are straight from IBC (in which case why repeat here), but Label, Labeled, and Listed could be clarified.

Staff note: The current ICC 500 definitions for 'label' and 'labeled' are consistent with the 2024 IBC. The revision for 'listed' approved for the 2024 IBC is indicated in 02-01-23.

Report for 02-04-2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:

Report for 02-04- 2023		
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PUBLIC COMMENT- SECOND DRAFT:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

# IS-STM 02-05-23

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

#### Revise as follows:

**OCCUPIED STORM SHELTER AREAS.** The designated storm shelter area within the storm shelter envelope. The occupied areas within the storm shelter envelope.

**Reason:** Can't use the term in the definition, circular. We would have to further define what a "storm shelter area" is. Designated as in 104.1 or 104.2? "Occupied shelter area" occurs 9 times in the existing standard text.

Staff Note: This term is used in Chapter 4 and 7.

Report for 02-05-2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
Modification (if any):		
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Committee Reason:		

# IS-STM 02-06-23

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

Revise as follows:

**PROTECTED OCCUPANT AREA.** The portions of the storm shelter area that are protected from intrusion of <u>storm wind-borne</u> debris.

**Reason:** For consistency of terms. Previous occurrences of "storm debris" were deleted from the 2014 standard. The 2020 has 4 occurrences of "wind-borne debris".

Report for 02-06- 2023		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

#### IS-STM 02-07-23

#### Section 202

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 1

#### Revise as follows:

**STORM SHELTER.** A building, structure or portion thereof, constructed in accordance with this standard, designated for use during for protection from tornadoes, hurricanes and other severe windstorms.

**Community Storm Shelter.** Any *storm shelter* not defined as a *residential storm shelter*. This includes *storm shelters* intended for use by the general public, by building occupants or a combination of both.

**Residential Storm Shelter.** A *storm shelter* serving occupants of dwelling units and having a *design occupant capacity* not exceeding 16 persons.

**Reason:** Consistency with 101.1 and 101.2 and definition of storm shelter envelope.

Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:		
Modification (if any):		
Modification (if any).		

## **Chapter 3**

### STRUCTURAL DESIGN CRITERIA

**IS-STM 03-01- 23** 302.2, 302.3

Proponent: ICC 300 Work Group 3

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 302 LOAD COMBINATIONS

**302.1 General.** The *storm shelter* shall be designed to resist the load combinations specified in Section 302.2 or 302.3. *Storm shelters* that are designed as combination tornado and *hurricane shelters* shall comply with requirements for both sets of load combinations using either Section 302.2 or 302.3.

**302.2 Strength design.** Where strength design or load and resistance factor design (LRFD) is used, *storm shelters* and portions thereof shall be designed to resist the most critical effects resulting from the following combinations of factored loads. Each load combination shall also be investigated with one or more of the variable loads set to zero.

For tornado shelters:

1.4D	(Equation 3-1)
$1.2D + 1.6LT + 0.5L_{rT}$	(Equation 3-2)
$1.2D + 1.6L_{rT} + (L_{T} \text{ or } 0.5W_{T})$	(Equation 3-3)
$1.2D + 1.0W_T + L_T + 0.5L_{r}T$	(Equation 3-4)
0.9D + 1.0WT	(Equation 3-5)

For hurricane shelters:

1.4D	(Equation 3-6)
1.2 <i>D</i> + 1.6 <i>L</i> + <u>(</u> 0.5 <del>(</del> <i>L<sub>r</sub></i> <sub>H</sub> or <u>1.0</u> <i>R</i> <sub>H</sub> )	(Equation 3-7)
1.2 <i>D</i> + <u>(</u> 1.6 <del>(</del> <i>L<sub>r</sub></i> H or <u>1.0</u> <i>R</i> H) + ( <i>L</i> or 0.5 <i>W</i> H)	(Equation 3-8)
1.2 <i>D</i> + 1.0 <i>W<sub>H</sub></i> + <i>L</i> + <u>(</u> 0.5 <del>(</del> <i>L<sub>r</sub>H</i> or <u>1.0</u> <i>R<sub>H</sub></i> )	(Equation 3-9)
$0.9D + 1.0W_H$	(Equation 3-10)

In addition, for Hurricane Shelters subject to the requirements of Section 402.1 and located in:

```
Coastal high-hazard areas or a Coastal A Zone:

1.2D + 1.0W_H + 2.0F_{aH} + L + 0.5(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H) (Equation 3-11)

0.9D + 1.0W_H + 2.0F_{aH} (Equation 3-12)
```

All other locations:

$$1.2D + 0.5W_H + 1.0F_{aH} + L + 0.5(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H)$$
 (Equation 3-13)  
 $0.9D + 0.5W_H + 1.0F_{aH}$  (Equation 3-14)

**302.3 Allowable stress design.** Where allowable stress design (ASD, working stress design) is used, storm shelters and portions thereof shall be designed to resist the most critical effects resulting from the following combinations of loads. Each load combination shall also be investigated with one or more of the variable loads set to zero.

For Tornado Shelters:

$D + L_T$	(Equation 3-15)
$D + L_{rT}$	(Equation 3-16)
$D + 0.75L_T + 0.75L_{rT}$	(Equation 3-17)
$D + 0.6W_{T}$	(Equation 3-18)
$D + 0.75L_T + 0.75(0.6W_T) + 0.75L_{rT}$	(Equation 3-19)
$0.6D + 0.6W_T$	(Equation 3-20)

#### For Hurricane Shelters:

D+L	<del>(Equation 3-21)</del>
D + (L <sub>rH</sub> or <u>0.7</u> R <sub>H</sub> )	(Equation 3-22)
D + 0.75L + $(0.75(L_{rH} \text{ or } 0.7)R_{H})$	(Equation 3-23)
D + 0.6W <sub>H</sub>	(Equation 3-24)
D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6W <sub>H</sub> ) + $(0.75(L_{rH} \text{ or } 0.7R_{H}))$	(Equation 3-25)
$0.6D + 0.6W_{H}$	(Equation 3-26)

In addition, for Hurricane Shelters subject to the requirements of Section 402.1 and located in:

Coastal high-hazard areas or a Coastal A Zone:

D + 0.6W <sub>H</sub> + 1.5F <sub>aH</sub>	(Equation 3-27)
$D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6W_H) + 0.75L_{rH} + 1.5F_{aH}$	(Equation 3-28)
$0.6D + 0.6W_H + 1.5F_{aH}$	(Equation 3-29)

#### All other locations:

$D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6W_H) + 0.75(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H) + 0.75F_{aH}$	(Equation	3-30)
$0.6D + 0.6W_H + 0.75F_{aH}$	(Equation	3-31)

#### Reason:

The intent of this proposal is to update load combinations to remove inadvertent, overly conservative load factors on Rain loads.

This proposal reduces load factors for Rain loads where we have inadvertently been overly conservative, since currently we are in essence using 'ultimate' loads for R but treating them as service loads in the load combination equations.

#### Part I Strength Design

Similar to how the load factor on Wind was reduced from 1.6 to 1.0 for Strength Design combinations where wind was the principal load, because the ICC 500 standard uses an ultimate wind speed, the 1.6 load factor on Rain for strength design should also be changed to 1.0 for combinations where they are the principal loads (equations 3-7, 3-8, 3-9), because we are using 'ultimate' loads instead of service loads for rain for hurricane shelters. The 1.6 factor on these loads that remains in ASCE 7 is because they are still

service level loads in ASCE 7, not ultimate loads. In ASCE 7-22, where the snow load provisions were updated to yield ultimate loads, the Strength Design load factor was reduced from 1.6 to 1.0.

Given the greater spatiotemporal correlation between these hazards and live loads for storm shelters, compared to the general population of buildings represented in ASCE 7, no change is proposed for cases where Rain loads are NOT the Principal Load but rather the arbitrary point in time loads (eqns3-7, and 3-9). Therefore the load factor would remain as 0.5, similar to how wind load is treated in eqns 3-3 and 3-8 where wind is not the Principal Load

1.4D (equations 3-1 & 3-6) are deleted because they do not contain tornado or hurricane loads and addressed in the *applicable code*.

#### Part II ASD

Similar to how the ASD load factor on Snow was reduced from 1.0 to 0.7 in ASCE 7-22, when snow loads were changed from service loads to ultimate loads, it is proposed to reduce the Rain Load by 0.7 in equations 3-22, 3-23, and 3-25.

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REPORT OF HEARING:		
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Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
Proponent:		
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REPORT OF HEARING – FIRST DRAFT		
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FINAL ACTION:	·	
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Committee Reason:		

### IS-STM 03-02- 23

203, 301.4(New), 302.5(New), 304, Table 305.1.1, Chapter 9

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 3

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 203 SYMBOLS AND NOMENCLATURE

K<sub>d</sub> – directional factor <u>for wind loads</u>

K<sub>dT</sub> – directional factor for tornado loads

Kzt topographic factor

W<sub>T</sub> - loads due to tornado winds loads

#### SECTION 301 GENERAL

<u>301.4 Performance based design for tornado loads.</u> Where tornado loads are determined using a performance-based procedures, the tornado loads shall be in accordance with ASCE 7 Section 32.1.3, providing loads are not lesser in magnitude than required by this chapter.

301.5 Performance based design for wind loads. Where wind loads are determined using a performance-based procedures, the wind loads shall be in accordance with ASCE 7 Section 26.1.3, providing loads are not lesser in magnitude than required by this chapter.

# SECTION 304 TORNADO LOADS AND WIND LOADS

- **304.1 General.** Wind loads from hurricanes,  $W_H$ , and tornadoes Tornado loads,  $W_T$ , wind loads for hurricanes,  $W_H$ , and wind loads for storms in Alaska,  $W_H$ , shall be determined in accordance with ASCE 7, Chapters 26 through 31 32, except as modified by this section. For tornado loads the procedures from ASCE 7 Section 32.1.2 shall be applicable.
- **304.2 Design** tornado wind speed. For tornado shelters, the design wind tornado speed,  $V_T$ , shall be in accordance with Figure 304.2(1). Alternatively,  $V_T$  shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with ASCE 7 Figures G.2-3A through G.2-3H, where the effective plan area shall be the area of the smallest convex polygon enclosing the storm shelter and any associated external critical support systems not meeting the soil protection requirements of Section 305.2.2.
- **304.3 Design wind speed.** For hurricane shelters, the design wind speed, VH, shall be

in accordance with Figure 304.2(2). For *storm shelters* in Alaska, the design wind speed, *VH*, shall be in accordance with Figure 304.2(3).

<u>304.4</u> <u>304.3</u> <u>Tornado and wind</u> <u>Wind</u> <u>directionality factors</u>. The <u>directionality factors for tornado loads</u>,  $K_{dT}$  and the directionality factors for wind loads,  $K_{d}$ , shall be taken as  $K_{d} = 1.0$ .

<u>304.5</u> <u>304.4</u> Exposure category. For tornado shelters, wind loads shall be based on Exposure Category C. For hurricane shelters, use of that are located in Exposure Category B is not permitted in accordance with ASCE 7 Section 26.7, Exposure C shall be used

**Exception:** For *hurricane shelters*, wind <u>Wind</u> loads for the main wind force-resisting system (MWFRS) only shall be permitted to be based on Exposure Category B, where Exposure Category B exists for all wind directions and is likely to remain Exposure Category B after a hurricane with <u>design</u> wind speeds as determined from Section 304.3 304.2.

**304.5 Topographic effects.** For *tornado shelters*, the topo- graphic factor,  $K_{zt}$ , need not exceed 1.0.

**304.6 Enclosure classifications.** Enclosure classifications for *storm shelters* shall be determined in accordance with ASCE 7, Chapter 26. For determining the enclosure classification for *community storm shelters*, the largest opening protected by an *impact-protective system* on a wall that receives positive external pressure shall be considered as an opening.

**Tornado Internal Pressure Coefficient for Enclosed Buildings Atmospheric Pressure Change (APC)**. For *tornado shelters* classified as enclosed buildings, the additional internal pressures caused by atmospheric pressure change shall be included in the design. The internal pressure coefficient,  $GC_{piT}$ , shall be taken as ±0.18 where atmospheric pressure change (APC) venting area of 1 square foot (0.0929 m²) per 1,000 cubic feet (28.3 m³) of interior *storm shelter* volume is provided. APC venting shall consist of openings in the *storm shelter* roof having a pitch 10 degrees or less from the horizontal or openings divided equally (within 10 percent of one another) on opposite walls. A combination of APC venting meeting the above requirements is permitted.

**Exception:** Calculation of venting area to relieve APC is not required for *tornado shelters* classified as partially enclosed buildings. An internal pressure coefficient of  $GC_{piT} = \pm 0.55$  shall be used for *tornado shelters* where APC venting meeting the requirements of Section 304.7 is not provided, or where APC venting area requirements are not calculated.

#### SECTION 305 DEBRIS HAZARDS

**305.1.1 Missile criteria for tornado shelters.** The missile testing for all components of the *storm shelter envelope* of *tornado shelters* shall be a 15-pound (6.8 kg) sawn lumber 2 by 4 traveling at the speeds shown in Table 305.1.1.

TABLE 305.1.1
MISSILE SPEED FOR TORNADO SHELTERS

DESIGN WIND TORNADO SPEED	MISSILE SPEED AND IMPACT SURFACE
<u>≤</u> 130 mph	80 mph Vertical Surfaces 53 mph Horizontal Surfaces
<u>&gt;130 to ≤</u> 160 mph	84 mph Vertical Surfaces 56 mph Horizontal Surfaces
<u>&gt;160 to ≤</u> 200 mph	90 mph Vertical Surfaces 60 mph Horizontal Surfaces
<del>250</del> > <u>200</u> mph	100 mph Vertical Surfaces 67 mph Horizontal Surfaces

For SI: 1 mile per hour = 0.447 m/s.

# CHAPTER 9 REFERENCED STANDARDS

#### **ASCE**

7-16 22 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures with Supplement No. 3.

**Reason:** This proposal is to update the reference edition of ASCE 7 to ASCE 7-22. The changes to the wind load provisions from 7-16 to 7-22 were fairly modest, with the exception of the addition of a new Chapter 32 with tornado load requirements. The tornado load procedures are similar to the wind load procedures, although most of the parameters and equations have at least some slight differences. It should be noted that ASCE 7-22 tornado loads have been approved for incorporation into the 2024 IBC.

The two ASCE 7-22 tornado load provisions that will have an impact on the tornadic wind loads for storm shelters are described below.

1. ASCE 7 does not define an exposure or topographic factor for tornadoes; the velocity pressure exposure coefficient is a uniform value of 1.0 between the ground and 200 ft, and decreases slightly above that. Currently, our Section 304.4 says to use Exposure C for tornadoes. A comparison of the K<sub>z</sub> factor for Exposure C and K<sub>zTor</sub> is shown below (from ASCE 7 commentary). K<sub>zTor</sub> exceeds K<sub>z</sub> for exposure C at heights below 33 ft, and is less than Kz for heights above 33 ft. The tornado velocity pressure profile was developed from analysis of mobile radar data tornado velocity profiles.

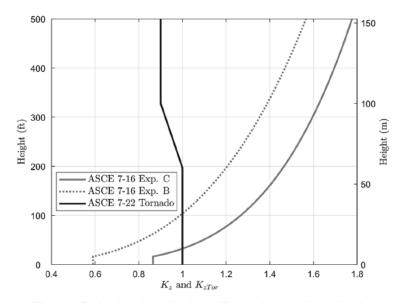


Figure C32.10-2. Vertical profiles of tornado velocity pressure ( $K_{zTor}$ ) versus that of Exposure B and Exposure C for nontornadic winds ( $K_z$ ) in Chapter 26 for the lowest 500 ft (152.4 m).

2. Tornado loads include a new parameter to adjust pressure coefficients to account for increased uplift on the roof due to the vertical updrafts in tornadoes. Pressure coefficients for the design of the MWFRS (i.e., C<sub>p</sub>) and for design of the C&C (i.e., (GC<sub>p</sub>)) are multiplied by the new Tornado Pressure Coefficient Adjustment Factor for Vertical Winds, K<sub>vT</sub>. Values for this new coefficient are provided in the table below. K<sub>vT</sub> > 1 for roof uplift, and K<sub>vT</sub> = 1 for all other cases. The values for K<sub>vT</sub> were developed through specialized wind tunnel testing.

Table 32.14-1. Tornado Pressure Coefficient Adjustment Factor for Vertical Winds,  $K_{vT}$ .

STRUCTURE TYPE	K <sub>vT</sub>
Buildings	
Negative (Uplift) Pressures on Roofs	
Main Wind Force Resisting System	1.1
Components and Cladding	
Roof slope $\leq 7$ degrees	
Zone 1	1.2
Zone 2	1.05
Zone 3	1.05
Roof slope > 7 degrees	
Zone 1	1.2
Zone 2	1.2
Zone 3	1.3
Positive Pressures (Downward Acting) on Roofs	1.0
Wall Pressures	1.0
All Other Cases	1.0
Other Structures	
Negative (Uplift) Pressures on Rooftop Structures and	
Equipment and Rooftop Solar Panels Parallel to the Roof Surface	
Main Wind Force Resisting System	1.1
Components and Cladding	Use values for building C&C
Negative (Uplift) Pressures on Roofs of Bins, Silos, and Tanks	
Main Wind Force Resisting System	1.1
Components and Cladding	See Section 32.17.5
All Other Cases	1.0

Additional information on specific changes -

The changes to Section 203 for Nomenclature is correlation with this change

Section 301.4 – This is a general allowance for performance design and is consistent with the 2024 changes for the Performance Code in the I-codes

Where tornado loads were added to criteria, the tornado load comes before the wind load (hurricanes) for consistency with the order in other Chapters in the standard where there is different criteria for tornadoes and hurricanes (e.g. Chapter 7).

Existing 304.2 was split into two sections for clarity in the requirements for tornado loads and wind loads.

Existing 304.4 Exposure Category – was made a positive statement for hurricane shelters, instead of a negative. ASCE 7 Tornado Loads do not use exposure category.

Existing 304.6 Topographic effects was deleted because ASCE 7 Tornado Loads do not use topographic effects.

Existing 304.6 Current reference to Chapter 26 is sufficient. No need to point to Chapter 32 Section 32.12 for tornado shelters, since the only parts of that section applicable to shelters point back to Chapter 26 anyway.

Existing 304.7 - Instead of main paragraph and exception, reformatting to simplify as two options, either provide venting or use +/- 0.55. Last phare in exception deleted because This should be deleted regardless of any other ASCE 7 tornado change or not. Simply calculating venting area requirements Table 305.1.1 – providing range in tornado speed

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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:	
REPORT OF HEARING:			
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Committee Reason:			
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:			
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PUBLIC COMMENT- SECOND DRAFT:			
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FINAL ACTION:			
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### IS-STM 03-03- 23 304.9

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 3

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 304 WIND LOADS

**304.9 Storm shelters connected to host buildings**. Where an a structural element or component of the host building is connected to a storm shelter, the storm shelter shall be designed to resist the maximum force that could be transmitted to the *storm shelter* equal to the ultimate failure strength of the connection or element being connected, whichever is lower, concurrent with the other wind loads on the *storm shelter* required by Chapter 3.

**Reason:** This is a clarification. With current text would an "element or component" be structural or flashing?

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PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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FINAL ACTION:		
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### IS-STM 03-04-23 305.2.2

Proponent: ICC Work Group 3

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 305 DEBRIS HAZARDS

**305.2.2 Soil-covered portions of storm shelters.** Portions of soil-covered *storm shelters*, with less than 12 inches (305 mm) of soil cover protecting *storm shelter* horizontal surfaces, or with less than 36 inches (914 mm) of soil cover protecting *storm shelter* vertical surfaces, shall be tested for resistance to missile perforation impact as though the surfaces were exposed. To qualify for shielding from soil cover, the soil surfaces shall slope away from the entrance walls or other near-grade enclosure surfaces of underground *storm shelters* at a slope of not more than 2 inches per foot for a horizontal distance of not less than 3 feet (914 mm) from the exposed portions of the *storm shelter* or unexposed portions deemed to be protected by soil cover. See Figure 305.2.2 for an example.

**Reason:** Perforation is not a term that is used in this standard for impact resistance.

Report for 03-04- 2023			
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:	
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PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:			
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### IS-STM 03-05- 23

306.4, 306.4.1.1, 306.4.1.2, 306.4.1.3, 306.4.1.4, 306.4.2, 306.5, 306.6

Proponent: ICC Work Group 3

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 306 STORM SHELTER ENVELOPE COMPONENT DESIGN AND TESTING

**306.4 Roof and wall openings.** All openings in the *storm shelter envelope* shall be protected in accordance with Sections 306.4.1 through 306.4.2 306.4.4, as applicable.

**306.4.1 Impact-protective systems.** *Impact-protective systems* for use in the *storm shelter envelope* shall be tested for impact in accordance with Section 803 and static and cyclic pressure in accordance with Sections 804 and 805. Any changes to *listed impact-protective systems*, such as a change of glazing, shall require evaluation by the listing agency or retesting of the entire assembly.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Window assemblies and other glazed openings where the opening is protected on the exterior side by an *impact-protective system* are not required to be tested for impact.
- 2. Window assemblies and other glazed openings where the opening is protected on the interior side by an *impact-protective system* are not required to be tested for impact and static and cyclic pressure.
- 3. Nonoperable, permanently affixed shields or cowlings designed to resist the *design wind pressures* are not required to be tested for static and cyclic pressure in accordance with Sections 804 and 805.
- <u>306.4.1.1</u> <u>306.4.1.4</u> **Installation.** *Impact-protective systems* shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's listing and installation instructions.
- <u>306.4.1.2</u> <u>306.4.1.3</u> Anchorage for impact-protective systems. Where anchorage of *impact-protective systems* to the *storm shelter* structure is required by means other than those provided in the manufacturer's listing in accordance with Section 112, anchorage shall be designed for pull-out and shear to resist the wind loads in accordance with Section 304.
- <u>306.4.1.3</u> <u>306.4.1.2</u> Impact-protective systems in tornado shelters. *Impact-protective systems* in *tornado shelters* shall be permanently affixed. All operable *impact-protective systems* shall include manual, nonpowered operation capabilities from inside the *storm shelter*.
- <u>306.4.1.4</u> <u>306.4.1.1</u> **Door undercut.** Door assemblies for use in the *storm shelter envelope* with a threshold at the level of exit discharge shall be limited to a <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch (19.1 mm) maximum undercut.

**306.4.2** Testing of alcove Alcove or baffled storm shelter entry systems. All protective elements of alcove or baffled storm shelter entry systems shall be tested for impact in accordance with Section 803.9.7.

<u>306.4.3</u> <u>306.6</u> Penetrations of storm shelter envelope by mechanical, electrical and plumbing systems. Penetrations through the *storm shelter envelope* of mechanical, electrical and plumbing systems, including piping and utility lines, larger than 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> square inches (2258 mm<sup>2</sup>) in area for rectangular penetrations or 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> inches (64 mm) in diameter for circular penetrations, shall be considered openings and shall be protected in accordance with Section 306.4. Penetrations of the *storm shelter envelope* shall not degrade the structural integrity of the *storm shelter* and impact resistance of the *storm shelter envelope*.

Penetrations of the *storm shelter envelope* by hazardous gas or liquid lines shall have automatic shutoffs to protect against leakage due to movement of the utility line. The threshold movements for shutoff shall be as defined by the *applicable* codes and standards governing such utility lines.

<u>306.4.4</u> <u>306.5</u> **Joints, gaps or voids in storm shelter envelope.** Joints, gaps or voids in a *storm shelter envelope* that opens into the *protected occupant area* similar to masonry control joints, expansion joints, opening protective device shim spaces, air louver blades, grates, grilles, screens or precast panel joints shall be considered openings and shall be protected in accordance with Sections <u>306.4.1</u> 306.4.

#### **Exceptions:**

- Masonry control joints and masonry or concrete expansion joints <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-inch (9.5 mm) or less in width, sealed with joint material in accordance with TMS 602 for masonry or ASTM C920 for concrete.
- 2. Precast concrete panel joints in accordance with one of the following:
  - 2.1. For wall panels 6 inches (152 mm) in thickness or greater where the joint is a maximum of <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches (19 mm) in width and sealed on each face with a Type S joint material in accordance ASTM C920. The panel thickness shall be measured perpendicular to the joint and at 1 inch (25 mm) or less from the joint center.
  - 2.2. For roof panels 4 inches (102 mm) in thickness or greater where the joint is a maximum of <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches (19 mm) and sealed with a Type S joint material in accordance with ASTM C920. The panel thickness shall be measured perpendicular to the joint and at 1 inch (25 mm) or less from the joint center.
- 3. Joints, gaps or voids that will not allow a direct debris path through the *storm* shelter envelope into the protected occupant area. Debris particles shall impact at least two surfaces meeting the impact criteria of Section 305.1 prior to arriving at the protected occupant area. Straight missile paths and elastic impacts are assumed in determining missile trajectories.

**Reason:** This is are reorganization. Sections under 306.4.1 are reordered from more general to specific. Joins and penetrations are also openings, so they should be under the general provisions for opening protectives.

Report for 03-05-2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
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Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
Proponent:		
Desired Action:		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING – FIRST DRAFT		
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PUBLIC COMMENT- SECOND DRAFT:		
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# **IS-STM 03-06- 23** 306.4.1, 306.4.1.3

Proponent: ICC Work Group 3

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 306 STORM SHELTER ENVELOPE COMPONENT DESIGN AND TESTING

**306.4.1 Impact-protective systems.** *Impact-protective systems* for use in the *storm shelter envelope* shall be <u>listed, labeled and</u> tested for impact in accordance with Section 803 and static and cyclic pressure in accordance with Sections 804 and 805. Any changes to *listed impact-protective systems*, such as a change of glazing, shall require evaluation by the listing agency or retesting of the entire assembly.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Window assemblies and other glazed openings where the opening is protected on the exterior side by an *impact-protective system* are not required to be tested for impact.
- Window assemblies and other glazed openings where the opening is protected on the interior side by an *impact-protective system* are not required to be tested for impact and static and cyclic pressure.
- 3. Nonoperable, permanently affixed shields or cowlings designed to resist the design wind pressures are not required to be tested for static and cyclic pressure in accordance with Sections 804 and 805.
- **306.4.1.3** <u>Alternate</u> Anchorage for impact-protective systems. Where anchorage of impact-protective systems to the storm shelter structure is required by means other than those provided in the manufacturer's <u>listed system</u> listing in accordance with Section 112, anchorage shall be designed for pull-out and shear to resist the wind loads in accordance with Section 304.

Reason: Need reason

Report for 03-06- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
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Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
Proponent:		
Desired Action:		
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Reason:		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:

Report for 03-06- 2023		
REPORT OF HEARING – FIRST DRAFT		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- SECOND DRAFT:		
Proponent:		
Desired Action:		
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### IS-STM 03-07- 23 306.4.1.1

Proponent: ICC Work Group 3

Revise as follows:

# SECTION 306 STORM SHELTER ENVELOPE COMPONENT DESIGN AND TESTING

**306.4.1.1 Door undercut.** Door Side swinging door assemblies for use in the storm shelter envelope with a threshold at the level of exit discharge shall be limited to a <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch (19.1 mm) maximum undercut.

**Reason:** This is a reasonable allowance for joints and gaps when at the level of exit discharge for the shelter. Add "side swinging doors" to clarify which type of doors. DASMA rolling doors are designed to close and seal the bottom gap completely

Report for 03-07- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
REPORT OF HEARING:		
Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		
PUBLIC COMMENT- FIRST DRAFT:		
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Committee Reason:		

## IS-STM 03-08-23

306.4.1.1, 306.5

Proponent: Andrew Holstein, Ph.D., P.E., representing Intertek

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 306 STORM SHELTER ENVELOPE COMPONENT DESIGN AND TESTING

**306.4.1.1 Door undercut.** Door assemblies for use in the storm shelter envelope with a threshold at the level of exit discharge shall be limited to a 3/4-inch (19.1 mm) maximum undercut.

**306.5 Joints, gaps or voids in storm shelter envelope.** Joints, gaps or voids in a storm shelter envelope that <u>open opens</u> into the protected occupant area similar to masonry control joints, expansion joints, opening protective device shim spaces, air louver blades, grates, grilles, screens or precast panel joints shall be considered openings and shall be protected in accordance with <u>Section Sections</u> 306.4.1.

#### **Exceptions:**

- Masonry control joints and masonry or concrete expansion joints 3/8-inch (9.5 mm) or less in width, sealed with joint material in accordance with TMS 602 for masonry or ASTM C920 for concrete.
- 2. Precast concrete panel joints in accordance with one of the following:
  - 2.1 For wall panels 6 inches (152 mm) in thickness or greater where the joint is a maximum of 3/4 inches (19 mm) in width and sealed on each face with a Type S joint material in accordance with ASTM C920. The panel thickness shall be measured perpendicular to the joint and at 1 inch (25 mm) or less from the joint center.
  - 2.2 For roof panels 4 inches (102 mm) in thickness or greater where the joint is a maximum of 3/4 inches (19 mm) and sealed with a Type S joint material in accordance with ASTM C920. The panel thickness shall be measured perpendicular to the joint and at 1 inch (25 mm) or less from the joint center.
- 3. Joints, gaps or voids that will not allow a direct debris path through the storm shelter envelope into the protected occupant area. Debris particles shall impact at least two surfaces meeting the impact criteria of Section 305.1 prior to arriving at the protected occupant area. Straight missile paths and elastic impacts are assumed in determining missile trajectories.
- 4. Door undercut 3/4-inch or less in height in door assemblies with a threshold at the level of exit discharge.
- 5. A joint 3/16-inch or less in width at the meeting edge of a pair of doors.

#### Reason:

1) Two editorial corrections are recommended where singular/plural agreement is currently incorrect.

- 2) Door undercut is a permitted joint in the shelter envelope and therefore is more logically located in Section 306.5. The section has been relocated from 306.4.1.1 to 306.5 Exception 4 without alteration of the original requirements except that "in the storm shelter envelope" has been removed because the scope of 306.5 is already specified as joints, gaps, and voids *in the storm shelter envelope*.
- 3) An exposed joint is typically found at the meeting edge of pair door assemblies, but the current language in 306.5 could be read to require that this joint be "protected" by an astragal or mullion. Astragals and mullions are not always feasible in shelter design and so this joint has been added to the list of exceptions in 306.5 to clarify its allowance and establish a maximum permitted size. The 3/16 inch maximum width is aligned with the requirements of NFPA 80 for fire doors, which requires that the clearance at the meeting edge of pair door assemblies be 1/8" +/- 1/6". This addition to 306.5 is intended to provide clarity regarding the allowance of a meeting edge joint but does not remove the meeting edge impact required by Section 803.9.4.1. This required impact evaluates the ability of the meeting edge joint to protect against debris impact.

**Staff suggestion:** To address three questions:

Is a threshold required?

Height of undercut above threshold? Or above the floor and the threshold is assumed to fill the undercut? Hazard below the level of exit discharge?

4. For doors located at or below the level of exit discharge, a door undercut of 3/4-inch or less in height measured from the finished floor or top of the threshold to the bottom of the door.

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REPORT OF HEARING – FIRST DRAFT		
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FINAL ACTION:		
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### IS-STM 03-09-23 306.4.1.2

Proponent: Trevor Errington, representing Cornell Cookson

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 306 STORM SHELTER ENVELOPE COMPONENT DESIGN AND TESTING

**306.4.1.2 Impact-protective systems in tornado shelters.** *Impact-protective systems* in *tornado shelters* shall be permanently affixed. All operable *impact-protective systems* shall include manual, nonpowered operation capabilities from inside the *storm shelter*.

#### **Exceptions:**

- Impact-protective systems not installed in a means of egress are not required to include manual, nonpowered operation capabilities to return to the undeployed position.
- 2. When *impact-protective systems* are installed as fire-rated assemblies, *impact-protective systems* are not required to have manual, nonpowered operation capabilities when equipped with a fail-safe device.

**Reason:** In storm shelters, there are openings, such as windows at an elevated height, that require impact protective systems but are not in a means of egress or readily accessible to the shelter occupants. In this scenario, it is important that the impact protective system is deployed to the safe position, but should not be required to have manual nonpowered operation to open the impact protective system as there is no need for the shelter occupants for have egress capabilities through these openings.

When an impact-protective system is used in a fire rated application, it is imperative that the fire rated assembly remain deployed to protect the shelter and its occupants from any fire hazard. Fire protectives are sometimes equipped with a fail-safe device to ensure that the opening remains protected and may preclude manual operation. NFPA 80, Standard for Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives, can be referenced for details and requirements specific for fire rated protectives.

**Staff Note:** The committee may want to consider any possible conflict between Exception 2 and Chapter 6 doors. The IFC approved an exception for closers to allow for shelter staff to control the closure of the openings to allow for quick access or egress into the shelter.

#### FS85-21

2024 IBC

**716.2.6.1 Door closing.** Fire doors shall be latching and self- or automatic-closing in accordance with this section.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Fire doors located in common walls separating sleeping units in Group R-1 shall be permitted without automatic- or self-closing devices.
- 2. The elevator car doors and the associated hoistway enclosure doors at the floor level designated for recall in accordance with Section
- 3003.2 shall be permitted to remain open during Phase I emergency recall operation.
- 3. Fire doors required solely for compliance with ICC 500 shall not be required to be self-closing or automatic-closing.

### Committee Action: Approval/Approval as Modified/Disapproval (Vote:)

# Modification (if any): Committee Reason:

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Report for 03-09- 2023		
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FINAL ACTION:		
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Committee Reason:		

## IS-STM 03-10- 23 306.4.1.5(New)

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 3

Revise as follows:

# SECTION 306 STORM SHELTER ENVELOPE COMPONENT DESIGN AND TESTING

306.4.1.5 Louvers. Louvers shall be tested in accordance with Section 803.9.6 and shall be designed or configured such that debris particles shall impact at least two surfaces before passing through the storm shelter envelope into the protected occupant area. Straight missile paths and elastic impacts are assumed in determining missile trajectories.

**Reason:** Louvers are a type of opening protective that was not previously addressed. Louvers are needed for natural ventilation.

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### IS-STM 03-11- 23

306.5, 306.5.1(New), 306.5.2(New), 306.5.2.1(New), 306.5.2.2(New)

Proponent: ICC 300 Work Group 3

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 306 STORM SHELTER ENVELOPE COMPONENT DESIGN AND TESTING

**306.5 Joints, gaps or voids in storm shelter envelope.** Joints, gaps or voids in a *storm shelter envelope* that opens into the *protected occupant area* similar to masonry control joints, expansion joints, opening protective device shim spaces, air louver blades, grates, grilles, screens or precast panel joints shall be considered openings and shall be protected in accordance with Sections 306.4.1 comply with the following:.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Masonry control joints and masonry or concrete expansion joints <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-inch (9.5 mm) or less in width, sealed with joint material in accordance with TMS 602 for masonry or ASTM C920 for concrete.
- 2. Precast concrete panel joints in accordance with one of the following:
  - 2.1. For wall panels 6 inches (152 mm) in thickness or greater where the joint is a maximum of <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches (19 mm) in width and sealed on each face with a Type S joint material in accordance ASTM C920. The panel thickness shall be measured perpendicular to the joint and at 1 inch (25 mm) or less from the joint center.
  - 2.2. For roof panels 4 inches (102 mm) in thickness or greater where the joint is a maximum of <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches (19 mm) and sealed with a Type S joint material in accordance with ASTM C920. The panel thickness shall be measured perpendicular to the joint and at 1 inch (25 mm) or less from the joint center.
- 1. Joints, gaps or voids shall be protected by permanent opening protection as approved by the engineer or record and the authority having jurisdiction.
- 2.3. Joints, gaps or voids shall that will not allow a direct debris path through the storm shelter envelope into the protected occupant area. Debris particles shall impact at least two surfaces meeting the impact criteria of Section 305.1 prior to arriving at the protected occupant area. Straight missile paths and elastic impacts are assumed in determining missile trajectories.
- 3. Joints, gaps or voids that do not meet Item 1 or 2 shall comply with Section 306.5.1.1 or 306.5.1.2.
  - <u>306.5.1 Masonry control and expansion joints</u>. Masonry control and expansion joints 3/8-inch (9.5 mm) or less in width shall be permitted where sealed with joint material in accordance with TMS 602 for masonry or ASTM C920 for concrete.

<u>306.5.2 Precast Concrete construction joints</u>. Precast concrete panel joints shall comply Section 306.5.2.1 or 306.5.2.2, as applicable.

306.5.2.1. Precast concrete wall panels. For wall panels 6 inches (152 mm) in thickness or greater where the joint is a maximum of <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches (19 mm) in width and sealed on each face with a Type S joint material in accordance ASTM C920. The panel thickness shall be measured perpendicular to the joint and at 1 inch (25 mm) or less from the joint center.

306.5.2.2 Precast concrete roof panels. For roof panels 4 inches (102 mm) in thickness or greater where the joint is a maximum of <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches (19 mm) and sealed with a Type S joint material in accordance with ASTM C920. The panel thickness shall be measured perpendicular to the joint and at 1 inch (25 mm) or less from the joint center.

**Reason:** This is a rearrangement of current requirements for joints, gaps and voids.

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# Chapter 4 SITING

No proposal to Chapter 4 at this time.

# Chapter 5 OCCUPANCY, MEANS OF EGRESS, ACCESS AND ACCESSIBILITY

## IS-STM 05-01-23 502

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 5

**Revise as follows:** 

# SECTION 502 OCCUPANCY OCCUPANT DENSITY IN COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

Reason: Coordination with text in section.

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### IS-STM 05-02-23

502.2.1, 502.2.2, 502.3, 503.2

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 5

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 502 OCCUPANCY DENSITY IN COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

- **502.1 General.** A *community storm shelter* shall comply with the requirements of Sections 502.2 through 502.4.
- **502.2 Design occupant capacity.** The *design occupant capacity* served by the storm shelter shall be assigned or calculated in accordance with Section 502.2.1 or 502.2.2.
  - **502.2.1 Assigned.** The assigned *design occupant capacity* shall be <del>based on the design occupant capacity of the storm shelter, as</del> determined by the designer and the owner or the owner's authorized agent, and *approved* by the *authority having jurisdiction*.
  - **502.2.2 Calculated.** The calculated *design occupant capacity* shall be determined by the *usable floor area* divided by the *unit of area prescribed per* occupant <u>density</u> in Table 502.3.
- **502.3 Required usable floor area.** For *community storm shelters*, the minimum required *usable floor area* shall be computed at the rate of one per the occupant density per unit of area prescribed in Table 502.3.

Each *storm shelter* shall be sized to accommodate a minimum of one wheelchair space for every 200 storm shelter occupants or portion thereof.

TABLE 502.3
OCCUPANT DENSITY—COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

TYPE OF OCCUPANTS	MINIMUM REQUIRED USABLE FLOOR AREA IN SQUARE FEET PER OCCUPANT	
Tornado		
Occupants who are standing or seated	5	
Occupants using a wheelchair	10	
Occupants who are relocated in a bed or stretcher	30	
Hurricane		

Occupants who are standing or seated	20
Occupants using a wheelchair	20
Occupants who are relocated in a bed or stretcher	40

## SECTION 503 OCCUPANT DENSITY IN RESIDENTIAL STORM SHELTERS

**503.1 General.** A *residential storm shelter* shall comply with the requirements of Sections 503.2 through 503.3.

**503.2 Required usable floor area.** For *residential storm shelters,* the minimum required *usable floor area* shall be computed at the rate of one per the occupant density per unit of area prescribed in Table 503.2.

TABLE 503.2
OCCUPANT DENSITY—RESIDENTIAL STORM SHELTERS

TYPE OF OCCUPANTS	MINIMUM REQUIRED USABLE FLOOR AREA IN SQUARE FEET PER OCCUPANT
То	rnado
One- and two-family dwelling	3
Other residential	5
Hu	rricane
One- and two-family dwelling	7
Other residential	10

For SI: 1 square foot =  $0.0929 \text{ m}^2$ .

**Reason:** Should not have repetitive terms, same as definition. This is a simplification of language. Omitting unnecessary wording.

Report for 05-02- 2023		
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### IS-STM 05-03-23

502.3, 502.3.1(New), 502.3.2(New)

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 5

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 502 OCCUPANCY DENSITY IN COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

**502.3** Required usable floor area Occupant density. For community storm shelters, the minimum required usable floor area per occupant shall be computed at the rate of one occupant per unit of area prescribed in shall be in accordance with Table 502.3.

Each storm shelter shall be sized to accommodate a minimum of one wheelchair space for every 200 storm shelter occupants or portion thereof.

<u>502.3.1 Type of occupants.</u> The number of occupants who are standing, seated, use a wheelchair, or are relocated in a bed or stretcher shall be determined based upon the the needs of the intended shelter occupants.

<u>502.3.2 Wheelchair spaces.</u> Each storm shelter shall be sized to accommodate a minimum of one wheelchair space for every 200 storm shelter occupants or portion thereof.

TABLE 502.3
OCCUPANT DENSITY—COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

TYPE OF OCCUPANTS	MINIMUM REQUIRED USABLE FLOOR AREA IN SQUARE FEET PER OCCUPANT		
Tornado			
Occupants who are standing or seated	5		
Occupants using a wheelchair	10		
Occupants who are relocated in a bed or stretcher	30		
Huri	ricane		
Occupants who are standing or seated	20		
Occupants using a wheelchair	20		
Occupants who are relocated in a bed or stretcher	40		

**Reason:** 502.3 Occupant density. The minimum required usable floor area per occupant shall be in accordance with Table 502.3.

502.3.1 Type of occupants. The number of standing or seated occupants, wheelchair, and bedridden spaces, shall be determined based upon the needs of the intended occupants. 502.3.2 Wheelchair spaces. Each storm shelter shall be sized

to accommodate a minimum of one wheelchair space for every 200 storm shelter occupants or portion thereof.

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## IS-STM 05-04-23 502.3

Proponent: Pataya Scott, representing FEMA

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 502 OCCUPANCY DENSITY IN COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

**502.3 Required usable floor area.** For *community storm shelters*, the minimum required *usable floor area* shall not include storm shelter occupant support areas and shall be computed at the rate of one occupant per unit of area prescribed in Table 502.3. Each *storm shelter* shall be sized to accommodate a minimum of one wheelchair space for every 200 storm shelter occupants or portion thereof.

**Reason:** This item needs additional work, but currently only the definition bars use of support areas. We should consider moving Section 502.5 up as an exception and second paragraph regarding wheelchairs could become free-standing. subsection.

Staff Note: The definition for Usable Floor Area is:

**USABLE FLOOR AREAS.** The portions of the floor area within the *storm shelter envelope* not including occupant support areas, used to determine the design occupant capacity of the storm shelter.

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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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2020 ICC 500-Standard Revision Proposals
ICC 500 Public least Appele for Fab. 2000 Marking

## IS-STM 05-05-23 502.5

Proponent: ICC Work Group 5

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 502 OCCUPANCY DENSITY IN COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

**502.5 Tornado shelter usable floor area.** In *community tornado shelters,* the following *occupant support areas* shall be permitted to be considered *usable floor area*:

- 1. The entire *storm shelter* is a single occupant toilet room area <u>complying with Section</u> 702.3.3.
- 2. The *storm shelter* includes multi-stall toilet rooms, the toilet room area other than the toilet stalls and temporary water closet privacy areas.

**Reason:** Need to clarify that a privacy partition is still required in order for the single use toilet room area other than the toilet stall to be used as usable floor area.

Staff note: Technically this reference does not accomplish what is stated in the reason statement.

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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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Committee Reason:		

### IS-STM 05-06-23

504.1, 504.3, 504.4, 504.5, 505.2, 505.3, 505.3.1, 506.1, 506.3, 506.3.1, 506.5

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 5

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 504 ACCESS AND EGRESS IN COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

**504.1 General.** A *community storm shelter* shall comply with the access and egress requirements of Sections 504.2 through 504.6 504.7. All community storm shelters shall be provided with a minimum of one opening that provides access and egress. Egress shall be provided by a means of egress door complying with 504.4. Where required or provided, emergency escape openings shall comply with Section 504.5, and overhead hatches shall comply with Section 504.6. Community storm shelters shall also comply with Section 603, as applicable.

<u>504.2</u> <u>504.3</u> Accessibility. Buildings and space used as *community storm shelters* shall be accessible <u>for persons with disabilities</u> in accordance with the *applicable code*.

<u>504.3</u> <u>504.2</u> Wall and roof openings-All access openings, means of egress doors, emergency escape openings and overhead hatches in the *storm shelter envelope* shall be considered openings and shall be protected in accordance with Section 306.4

**504.4 Egress doors.** The means of egress doors in the *storm shelter envelope* shall be determined based upon the occupant load for the normal occupancy of the space in accordance with the *applicable code*. The number of doors shall also comply with Section 603.

Where the *applicable code* requires only one means of egress door from the *storm shelter*, the storm shelter shall also provide an emergency escape opening in accordance with Section 504.5 or an overhead hatch accessed by an emergency stair, ladder or alternating tread device in accordance with Section 506.

**Exception:** Storm shelters having a *design occupant capacity* not exceeding 16 are not required to provide an emergency escape opening or an overhead hatch.

**504.5 Emergency escape opening.** The emergency Emergency escape opening openings shall be an additional door or an opening that complies with the following:

- 1. Has a minimum net clear opening of 5.7 square feet (0.530 m<sup>2</sup>).
- 2. Has a minimum net clear opening height of 24 inches (610 mm) and a minimum net clear opening width of 20 inches (508 mm).
- 3. Shall be operable from the inside without the use of tools or special knowledge.
- 4. Where the bottom of the clear opening is located more than 44 inches (1118 mm) above the floor, vertical access to the opening shall be provided by an emergency

- stair complying with Section 506.2 or a ladder complying with Section 506.3, or an alternating tread device complying with Section 506.4.
- 5. The emergency escape opening shall be arranged a reasonable distance apart from the means of egress door, and where practicable, located on a opposite or perpendicular wall, roof or floor of the shelter envelope so that if one becomes blocked, the others will be available.

**Exception:** The minimum net clear opening shall be permitted to be 5 square feet (0.46 m<sup>2</sup>) where the bottom of the emergency escape opening is not more than 44 inches (1118 mm) above or below finished grade.

<u>504.6</u> <u>506.5</u> Overhead hatches. Where provided, <u>overhead</u> hatches <u>at the tops of shall</u> <u>be accessed by emergency stairs, ladders or alternating tread devices <u>complying with</u> <u>Section 506, as applicable. The overhead hatch</u> shall comply with the following:</u>

- 1. A minimum clear dimension of 24 inches by 30 inches (610 mm by 762 mm).
- 2. A clear opening of 24 inches (610 mm) minimum from the face of the top tread or rung of the emergency stairs, ladders or alternating tread devices on the climbing side-of the emergency stairs, ladders or alternating tread devices.
- 3. A minimum of 15 inches (372 mm) on either side of the centerline of the top tread or rungs.
- 4. Where the access opening is located on a vertical surface in accordance with Section 305.2, the height of the opening shall be 30 inches (762 mm) minimum.
- 5. Overhead Hatches shall open a minimum of 60 degrees (1.04 rad) from the closed position.
- 6. Overhead Hatches shall be counterweighted or otherwise held in the open position when opened.
- 7. The overhead hatch shall be located a reasonable distance apart from the means of egress door, so that if one becomes blocked, the other will be available.

<u>504.7</u> <u>504.6</u> **Multistory shelter.** *Storm shelters* with multiple stories shall be required to have one emergency means of vertical access and egress provided within the *storm shelter* to a level of exit discharge provided by an emergency stair complying with Section 506.2 or a ladder complying with Section 506.3, or an alternating tread device complying with Section 506.4.

**Exception:** Provide an emergency escape opening or overhead hatch to allow for emergency vertical access and egress to the roof.

## SECTION 505 ACCESS AND EGRESS IN RESIDENTIAL STORM SHELTERS

**505.1 General.** A residential storm shelter shall comply with the access and egress requirements of Sections 505.2 through 505.4.

<u>505.2</u> <u>505.3</u> Access and egress. A residential storm shelter shall be provided with a method of access and egress by a means of egress door, <u>or</u> an access and egress opening <u>with a clear of 24 inches by 30 inches (610 mm by 762 mm) minimum complying with Section 505.3.1 or an overhead hatch complying with Section 506.5.</u>

- **505.3.1 Access and egress openings.** Access and egress openings shall have a clear opening of 24 inches by 30 inches (610 mm by 762 mm) minimum.
- <u>505.3</u> <u>505.2</u> Wall and roof openings. All access and egress openings, <u>and</u> means of egress doors <del>and overhead hatches</del> in the *storm shelter envelope* shall be considered openings and shall be protected in accordance with Section 306.4.
- **505.4 Vertical access and egress.** Where provided, vertical access and egress to a *residential storm shelter* shall be by an emergency stair complying with Section 506.2, or by a ladder complying with Section 506.3, or an alternating tread device complying with Section 506.4.

# SECTION 506 VERTICAL ACCESS AND EGRESS <u>DEVICES</u>

**506.1 General.** Where stairways are required for means of egress for normal use of the space, they shall comply with the *applicable code*. An emergency stair Emergency stairs shall comply with Section 506.2. A ladder Ladders shall comply with Section 506.3. An alternating tread device Alternating tread devices shall comply with Section 506.4. Overhead hatches shall comply with Section 506.5. Where stairways are Stairways required for means of egress for normal use of the space, they shall comply with the applicable code.

**506.2 Emergency stairs.** Emergency stairs shall comply with all of the following:

- 1. Treads shall have a minimum depth of 8 inches (203 mm).
- 2. Treads shall not be required to have a nosing.
- 3. Surfaces or treads shall be slip resistant.
- 4. The maximum height of risers shall be 9 9/16 inches (243 mm).
- 5. The minimum width of the emergency stairs shall be 22 inches (559 mm).
- 6. The angle of the emergency stair from horizontal shall be a maximum of 50 degrees (0.87 rad).

**Exception:** For *residential storm shelters*, which have a rise between the *storm shelter* floor level and *storm shelter entrance* level of 70 inches (1778 mm), maximum, the maximum height of risers shall be 10 inches (254 mm).

**506.2.1 Headroom.** The minimum headroom clearance shall be 80 inches (2032 mm), measured vertically from a line connecting the edge of the nosing.

### **Exceptions:**

- The minimum headroom clearance is permitted to be reduced to 60 inches (1524 mm) where signage is provided at the top and bottom of the emergency stair conspicuously warning the user of low headroom.
- 2. Entrances that are entered by persons seated on the entrance threshold and that are not high enough for a person to enter standing erect shall not be required to provide minimum headroom clearance provided there is no more than two risers leading into the *storm shelter*.

**506.2.2 Handrails.** A continuous handrail shall be located on one side of an emergency stair having more than three risers. Handrail extensions are not required.

**506.3 Ladders.** Ladders shall comply with the all of the following:

- 1. The clear width between rails shall be not less than 16 inches (406 mm).
- 2. Rungs shall be a minimum of 3/4 inch (19 mm) in diameter.
- 3. Rungs or treads shall be capable of withstanding a 300 pound (136 kg) load.
- 4. Rungs or treads shall be spaced uniformly at not greater than 12 inches (305 mm).
- 5. The minimum clearance between the centerline of the rungs or treads to the nearest permanent object in back of the ladder on the toe side shall be no less than 7 inches (178 mm).
- 6. Ladders shall have a maximum slope of 90 degrees (1.57 rad) from horizontal and a minimum slope of 75 degrees (1.31 rad) from horizontal where measured on the toe side of the ladder.
- 7. Where provided, ladders providing access to an emergency escape opening or overhead hatch shall have a minimum of 15 inches (381 mm) clear on either side of the centerline of the ladder and a minimum of 27 inches (686 mm) clear from the centerline of the rungs to an obstruction on the climbing side of the ladder.

**Exception:** A minimum clearance is not required on the back side of the ladder where there is no obstruction on the climbing side of the ladder, and where ladder treads of 11 inches (279 mm) or greater in depth are molded or fabricated in a continuous series of treads and risers as detailed in Figure 506.3.

**506.3.1 Ladder wells.** Ladder wells where provided shall have a minimum of 15 inches (381 mm) clear on either side of the centerline of the ladder and a minimum of 27 inches (686 mm) clear from the centerline of the rungs to a ladder well or obstruction on the climbing side of the ladder.

**506.4 Alternating tread devices.** Alternating tread devices shall comply with the applicable requirements listed in the *applicable code*.

Reason: Need reason

The purpose is some reorganization of this section for additional clarity.

Existing 504.2 – add phrase "persons with disabilities" to clearly separate accessibility from access.

Existing 505.3 and 505.3.1 – The hatch in a residential shelter should meet the same requirements regardless of location. It should not have to meet the more restrictive overhead hatch requirement.

Existing 504.5, Item 5 and 506.5, Item 7 – separation language is similar to IBC Section 1007.1.2. This will assure that both ways out will not be blocked. IBC has separation for doors, but other openings might not be able to be separated because best options would be outside rather than into the building. These are single exit shelters, so the best shelter protection would limit opening and probably locate the shelter away from most outside walls.

Existing 506.3 and 506.3.1 – Ladder wells are not defined. The criteria for adequate space to get out of the hatch is moved to from 506.3.1 to Item 506.3, Item 7.

Existing 506.1 – editorial coordination

Existing 506.5 – Relocate overhead hatch to openings. Require access by an emergency stair, ladder or alternating tread device.

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### IS-STM 05-07-23 504.6

Proponent: Pataya Scott, representing FEMA

Revise as follows:

# SECTION 504 ACCESS AND EGRESS IN COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

**504.6 Multistory shelter.** Storm shelters with multiple stories shall be required to have one emergency means of vertical access and egress provided within the storm shelter to a level of exit discharge or to the roof provided by an emergency stair com- plying with Section 506.2 or a ladder complying with Section 506.3, or an alternating tread device complying with Section 506.4.

**Exception:** Provide an emergency escape opening or overhead hatch to allow for emergency vertical access and egress to the roof.

**Reason:** Alternate approach eliminates the exception. Should we also clarify that provision only applies to upper stories of the multistory shelter?

Staff note: 05-02 and 05-03 were submitted as alternatives.

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FINAL ACTION:		
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Committee Reason:		

### IS-STM 05-08-23 504.6

Proponent: Pataya Scott, representing FEMA

Revise as follows:

# SECTION 504 ACCESS AND EGRESS IN COMMUNITY STORM SHELTERS

**504.6 Multistory shelter.** Storm shelters with multiple stories shall be required to have one emergency means of vertical access and egress provided within the storm shelter to a level of exit discharge provided by an emergency stair complying with Section 506.2 or a ladder complying with Section 506.3, or an alternating tread device complying with Section 506.4.

Exception: Where Provide an emergency escape opening in accordance with Section 504.5 is provided or overhead hatch accessed by an emergency stair, ladder or alternating tread device in accordance with Section 506, to allow for emergency vertical access and egress to the roof, access and egress within the shelter to a level of exit discharge is not required.

**Reason:** As written, exception text doesn't read like an exception, but maybe we can avoid repetition through alternate proposal?

Staff note: 05-02 and 05-03 were submitted as alternatives.

Report for 05-08- 2023		
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Committee Reason:		

### IS-STM 05-09-23 504.6

Proponent: ICC Work Group 5

#### Revise as follows:

**504.6 Multistory shelter.** Storm shelters with multiple stories shall be required to have one emergency means of vertical access and egress provided within the storm shelter to a level of exit discharge provided by an emergency stair complying with Section 506.2 or a ladder complying with Section 506.3, or an alternating tread device complying with Section 506.4.

**Exception:** Provide an emergency escape opening or overhead hatch to allow for emergency vertical access and egress to the roof.

504.6 Vertical access and egress. Where an occupied floor level of a community storm shelter is not at a level of exit discharge, one means of vertical access and egress shall be provided within the storm shelter from each area or level to a level of exit discharge or emergency escape opening or overhead hatch, accessed by a stairway, an emergency stair complying with Section 506.2, a ladder complying with Section 506.3, or an alternating tread device complying with Section 506.4

Reason: Need reason.

Staff Note: The revised text would not allow for shelter occupant to exit the shelter and use the building stairways for egress. This would be a big change for basement shelters.

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2020 ICC 500-Standard Revision Proposals
ICC 500 Public Ignut Assayle for Feb. 0000 Marking

## IS-STM 05-10-23 507.1(New)

Proponent: ICC Work Group 5

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 507 LATCHING

<u>507.1 General.</u> Latching shall comply with the requirements of Sections 507.2 through 507.4. Latching and locking mechanisms for impactive protective systems shall comply with the requirements of 306.4.1.

Reason: Pointer to the requirements of 306.4.1 for latching and locking mechanisms.

Staff note: Section 304.6.1 is for Impact protective systems. This is not specific to latching.

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### IS-STM 05-11-23 507.3

Proponent: ICC Work Group 5

Revise as follows:

SECTION 507 LATCHING

**507.3 Operating hardware on the unprotected side.** Where operating hardware of an *impact-protective system* is located on the unprotected side of the *storm shelter envelope*, after the latching mechanism is engaged in accordance with Section 507.1, such operating hardware on the non-egress side shall be locked, disabled, or inactive and shall not be susceptible to unintentional unlatching by debris impact.

**Reason:** The word "disable" is not necessary in this provision and my cause potential confusion with the term "disable" in 507.1 Item 1.

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## IS-STM 05-12-23 507.4(New)

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 5

#### Revise as follows:

507.4 Electronic operating hardware. Where an impact-protective system's closing, latching, locking, or disabling is electronically controlled, shelter occupants shall have the ability to immediately secure the impact-protective system in accordance with Sections 507.1 and 507.3.

**Reason:** Access controls may keep storm shelter doors unsecured during scheduled periods of time without any override by storm shelter occupants. Occupants should be able to override the system within the storm shelter.

Report for 05-12-2023		
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## IS-STM 05-13-23 507.5 (New)

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 5

#### Revise as follows:

<u>507.5 Egress.</u> Latching and locking mechanisms provided on impact protective systems which protect openings required for egress, shall not prohibit egress out of the storm shelter.

**Reason:** No latching or locking device shall prevent egress from a storm shelter egress opening like a paddle lock etc.

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### IS-STM 05-14-23 508.1

Proponent: Pataya Scott, representing FEMA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 508 SIGNAGE

**508.1 Signage requirements.** All *storm shelters* shall be marked with design information in accordance with Section 508.2. *Community storm shelter* areas shall be marked by signage in accordance with Sections 508.3 through 508.7, as applicable. All <u>Directional</u>, <u>entry and perimeter</u> signs shall comply with the visual character requirements of ICC A117.1.

**Reason:** Design information signs are not required to facilitate access for occupants. Information conveyed for benefit of owners/operators

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### IS-STM 05-15-23 508.1

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 5

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 508 SIGNAGE

**508.1 Signage requirements.** All *storm shelters* shall be marked with design information in accordance with Section 508.2. *Community storm shelter* areas shall be marked by signage in accordance with Sections 508.3 through 508.7, as applicable. All signs shall comply with the visual character requirements of ICC A117.1. The type and location of signs required by this standard shall be indicated on the floor plans as required by section 106.2.4.

**Reason:** Design information signs are not required to facilitate access for occupants. Information conveyed for benefit of owners/operators

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### IS-STM 05-16-23 508.2

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 5

#### Revise as follows:

**508.2 Design information signage.** All storm shelters shall have a sign on or within the storm shelter with all of the following:

- 1. The design occupant capacity.
- 2. The storm type.
- 3. The design wind speed.
- 4. The edition of the ICC 500 used for the design.
- 5. The name of the manufacturer or builder of the storm shelter.

Reason: Delete the first word "The" in each line 1-5. Better grammar.

Report for 05-16-2023		
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### IS-STM 05-17-23

508.3, 508.3.3(New), 508.4, 508.5

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 5

#### Revise as follows:

<u>508.3 Directional Signage.</u> The path of travel to the storm shelter shall be clearly marked with direction signage to direct intended occupants to the storm shelter.

**508.3** <u>508.3.1</u> Exterior directional signage. Where the storm shelter serves the general public, exterior directional signage is required shall be provided. to direct intended occupants to the storm shelter.

**508.4** <u>508.3.2</u> Directional signage for a multibuilding site. Where a storm shelter serves multiple buildings, <u>directional signage shall be provided within the buildings served by to direct intended occupants to the storm shelter.</u>

<u>508.3.3 Host building directional signage.</u> Directional signage shall be provided within the host building.

**508.5 Directional signage within a host building.** Where a *storm shelter* is within a *host building*, directional signage is required within the host building to direct intended occupants to the *storm shelter*. The path of travel to the *storm shelter* shall be clearly marked to indicate the direction of travel in cases where the path of travel is not immediately visible to the intended occupants.

**Reason:** This clarifies the language.

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### IS-STM 05-18-23 508.6

Proponent: Pataya Scott, representing FEMA

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 508 SIGNAGE

**508.6 Entry signage.** Signage indicating "Tornado Shelter," or "Hurricane Shelter," or "Hurricane and Tornado Shelter", and appropriate symbols as applicable, shall be installed on the outside of the *storm shelter*, adjacent to every access opening intended to provide entry for occupants into the *storm shelter*.

Reason: Revision correlates w/ Section 104.3 and others that address combination shelters.

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# Chapter 6 FIRE SAFETY

### IS-STM 06-01-23 603.1

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 603 FIRE-RESISTANCE RATED CONSTRUCTION

**603.1 Fire separation.** Walls or horizontal assemblies between *community storm* shelters and other host building areas shall be fire barriers or horizontal assemblies with a minimum fire-resistance rating of 2 hours constructed in accordance with the applicable code.

**Exceptions:** Walls and horizontal assemblies are not required to be fire-resistance rated with any of the following configurations:

- 1. The design occupant capacity of 16 or fewer.
- 2. The storm shelter is located in the basement or underground, the design occupant capacity is less than 50, at least two egress doors are provided and the egress doors are separated by a minimum horizontal distance equal to one-third of the overall diagonal dimension of the storm shelter.
- The design occupant capacity is less than 50 and an additional egress door, overhead hatch or emergency escape opening opens directly to the exterior of the building.
- 4. The means of egress is designed in accordance with the applicable code for the design occupant capacity, the storm shelter has at least two egress doors and at least 50 percent of the total required capacity for the means of egress from the storm shelter is directly to the exterior of the building.

Reason: Delete the word "other" from 603.1, as this word is confusing.

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Committee Reason:		

# IS-STM 06-02-23

603.1

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

# SECTION 603 FIRE-RESISTANCE RATED CONSTRUCTION

**603.1 Fire separation.** Walls or horizontal assemblies between *community storm* shelters and other host building areas shall be fire barriers or horizontal assemblies with a minimum fire-resistance rating of 2 hours constructed in accordance with the applicable code.

**Exceptions:** Walls and horizontal assemblies are not required to be fire-resistance rated with any of the following configurations:

- 1. The design Design occupant capacity of 16 or fewer.
- 2. The storm Storm shelter is located in the basement or underground, the design occupant capacity is less than 50, at least two egress doors are provided and the egress doors are separated by a minimum horizontal distance equal to one-third of the overall diagonal dimension of the storm shelter.
- The design <u>Design</u> occupant capacity is less than 50 and an additional egress door, overhead hatch or emergency escape opening opens directly to the exterior of the building.
- 4. The means Means of egress is designed in accordance with the applicable code for the design occupant capacity, the storm shelter has at least two egress doors and at least 50 percent of the total required capacity for the means of egress from the storm shelter is directly to the exterior of the building.

Reason: reads better

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Report for 06-02- 2023		
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Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

### IS-STM 06-03-23 603.1

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 603 FIRE-RESISTANCE RATED CONSTRUCTION

**603.1 Fire separation.** Walls or horizontal assemblies between *community storm shelters* and other *host building* areas shall be *fire barriers* or *horizontal assemblies* with a minimum fire-resistance rating of 2 hours constructed in accordance with the *applicable code*.

**Exceptions:** Walls and horizontal assemblies are not required to be fire-resistance rated with any of the following configurations:

- 1. The design occupant capacity of 16 or fewer.
- 2. The storm shelter is located in the basement or underground, the design <u>Design</u> occupant capacity is less than 50, at least two egress doors are provided and the egress doors are separated by a minimum horizontal distance equal to one-third of the overall diagonal dimension of the storm shelter.
- The design occupant capacity is less than 50 and an additional egress door, overhead hatch or emergency escape opening opens directly to the exterior of the building.
- 4. The means of egress is designed in accordance with the applicable code for the design occupant capacity, the storm shelter has at least two egress doors and at least 50 percent of the total required capacity for the means of egress from the storm shelter is directly to the exterior of the building.

**Reason:** If you're in a basement and capacity is less than 50 why not allow 2 doors separated or the 2nd exit to be an EEO or hatch directly to exterior? I would agree 2 egress doors for over 50, which IBC would req. for occupant load, but keep in mind this could be a 10x10 box. What is more dangerous - lack of fire rating or a 2nd opening that could fail? At less than 50 either a fire barrier, 2nd exit, or single exit directly to exterior should be adequate. Isn't 1 of the 3 adequate? Exception 2 shouldn't be just for basement? What about a portion is in basement or a portion is not at the level of exit discharge? As written exception 2 allows a basement shelter to have no fire barrier as long as it has 2 exits, which could go into host building, whereas exception 3 for the same shelter at grade would have to have the fire barrier or an additional exit directly to the exterior. 504.4 already req's additional exit - see comments on 504.4.

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### IS-STM 06-04-23 603.1

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 603 FIRE-RESISTANCE RATED CONSTRUCTION

**603.1 Fire separation.** Walls or horizontal assemblies between *community storm* shelters and other host building areas shall be fire barriers or horizontal assemblies with a minimum fire-resistance rating of 2 hours constructed in accordance with the applicable code.

**Exceptions:** Walls and horizontal assemblies are not required to be fire-resistance rated with any of the following configurations:

- 1. The design occupant capacity of 16 or fewer.
- 2. The *storm shelter* is located in the basement or underground, the *design occupant capacity* is less than 50, at least two egress doors are provided and the egress doors are separated by a minimum horizontal distance equal to one-third of the overall diagonal dimension of the *storm shelter*.
- The design occupant capacity is less than 50 and an additional egress door, overhead hatch or emergency escape opening opens directly to the exterior of the building.
- 4. The means of egress is designed in accordance with the applicable code for the design occupant capacity, the storm shelter has at least two egress doors and at least 50 percent of the total required capacity for the means of egress from the storm shelter is directly to the exterior of the building.

**Reason:** Why require additional egress door if less than 50? If the required egress door doesn't exit to exterior than they have to provide a hatch or EEO that does.

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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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### IS-STM 06-05-23

603.1, Chapter 9

Proponent: James E. Waller, P.E. representing Remagen Safe Rooms

#### Revise as follows:

## SECTION 603 FIRE-RESISTANCE RATED CONSTRUCTION

**603.1 Fire separation.** Walls or horizontal assemblies between *community storm shelters* and other *host building* areas shall be *fire barriers* or *horizontal assemblies* with a minimum fire-resistance rating of 2 hours constructed in accordance with the *applicable code*.

**Exceptions:** Walls and horizontal assemblies are not required to be fire-resistance rated with any of the following configurations:

- 5. The design occupant capacity of 16 or fewer.
- 6. The *storm shelter* is located in the basement or underground, the *design occupant capacity* is less than 50, at least two egress doors are provided and the egress doors are separated by a minimum horizontal distance equal to one-third of the overall diagonal dimension of the *storm shelter*.
- 7. The *design occupant capacity* is less than 50 and an additional egress door, overhead hatch or emergency escape opening opens directly to the exterior of the building.
- 8. The means of egress is designed in accordance with the *applicable code* for the *design occupant capacity*, the *storm shelter* has at least two egress doors and at least 50 percent of the total required capacity for the means of egress from the *storm shelter* is directly to the exterior of the building.
- 9. The storm shelter is located inside or contiguous with a building corridor having exits at each end, the ratio of occupants to shelter exit doors does not exceed 25, and there are a minimum of 3 shelter doors on each side of the corridor accessing adjacent rooms which have means of egress exiting directly to the exterior of the building.
- 10. Spaces within the building are separated by walls or partitions having at least a one-hour fire separation and corridors and exits meet or exceed the NFP 101.

# CHAPTER 9 REFERENCED STANDARDS

### NFPA 101-21 Life Safety Code

**Reason:** The purpose for the proposed exception is to facilitate the construction of a storm shelter as part of a school corridor or other building corridor where a large number of corridor doors lead to adjacent rooms having secondary means of egress directly to the exterior of the building.

The existing ICC 500, Section 603.1 Exception 4, excepts storm shelters from having fire separation if there are at least two egress doors and more than 50% of the total required capacity for means of egress is directly to the exterior of the building. This exception is intended to allow shelter occupants to egress to the exterior of the building without having to pass through a fiery, smoke-filled host building. The proposed exception will also accomplish this goal.

In addition to corridor storm shelter doors which protect primary exits at the ends of the corridor, shelter doors, which are aligned with each classroom or office door, remain open against the corridor wall until occupants have entered the shelter, at which time the doors are closed and latched. During a severe weather event, students and/or other building occupants would enter the corridor storm shelter through the corridor entryways and through doors from individual rooms accessing the corridor. The storm shelter doors would then be closed and latched. After the severe weather event, shelter occupants would exit via egress doors at either corridor end or through doors leading to the rooms adjacent to the corridor and, where necessary, thence through egress doors directly to the exterior of the building.

ICC 500, Section 603.1, Exception 3, provides an exception for the 2-hour fire separation requirement where the occupant-to-exit door ratio does not exceed 25 and one additional door or emergency escape hatch opens directly to the exterior of the building. The corridor storm shelter provides multiple means of egress via primary exits at each end of the corridor shelter as well as through numerous adjacent classrooms or office spaces which are compartmentalized and separated from other parts of the building. A fire occurring in one location within a building with 1-hour fire-rated interior walls would not result in fire and smoke rapidly spreading to the entire building. Occupants of corridor storm shelters would have numerous means of egress available, on multiple sides of the storm shelter, which would not be exposed to fire or smoke from other parts of the building.

There are many old, iconic buildings in the United States, including approximately 40,000 existing school facilities with an average building age of 40 years. School districts often must educate children in these older, often iconic, school buildings due to small populations and financial constraints. Large numbers of these older schools lie in geographical areas which are prone to tornado threats, leading citizens to demand tornado protection within the schools for protection of their children. Schools and other buildings are being converted from their original uses to facilities such as adult education, vocational training, and senior citizens' centers. In addition to providing storm protection for citizens, local jurisdictions often desire to have storm shelters constructed within these iconic or historic buildings for aesthetic, economic, or property limitation reasons. Current construction technology permits tornado shelters to be economically retrofit-constructed within existing corridors. The proposed Exception 5 will facilitate tornado or hurricane shelter construction in corridors of these buildings.

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Committee Reason:		

### IS-STM 06-06-23

603.1.1

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 603 FIRE-RESISTANCE RATED CONSTRUCTION

**603.1.1 Opening Protectives.** Openings, penetrations, and joints shall comply with the applicable code.

**603.1.1 Governormal Equation Governormal** 

**Reason:** The IBC in chapter 7 clearly delineates openings, penetrations, and joints as separate items, so it is fitting that chapter 6 of ICC 500 do the same. Doors should be addressed as a subsection to opening protectives.

Staff note: There were no suggested text for penetrations and joints.

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### IS-STM 06-07-23

603.1.1

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 603 FIRE-RESISTANCE RATED CONSTRUCTION

**603.1.1 Doors and shutters.** In Fire doors and shutters in fire barriers required solely for compliance with Section 603.1, fire doors and shutters shall not be required to be self or automatic closing.

**Reason:** This establishes the condition first, then the doors specifically shall be required to be self or automatic closing.

Report for 06-07- 2023		
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### IS-STM 06-08-23

604.1, 604.2, Chapter 9

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 604 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

**604.1 General.** A fire extinguisher shall be required within each story of all community storm shelters provided in accordance with IBC 906.

**604.2 Requirements.** A fire extinguisher shall be required within each story of all community storm shelters. Fire extinguishers shall meet the requirements of NFPA 10. Installation of fire extinguishers shall not compromise the structural or missile impact performance of the exterior storm shelter envelope.

# CHAPTER 9 REFERENCED STANDARDS

NFPA 10-18 Portable Fire Extinguishers

**Reason:** The General section should say that a fire extinguisher shall be provided in accordance with IBC 906 (which references NFPA 10). The Requirements section should then address located in each story and not located in the storm shelter envelope. The reference to NFPA should instead be a reference to IBC Section 906 which references NFPA 10.

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Report for 06-08- 2023		
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Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
FINAL ACTION:	-	
Modification (if any):		

Report for 06-08- 2023 Committee Reason:

### IS-STM 06-09-23 604.2

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 604 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

**604.2 Requirements.** Fire extinguishers shall meet the requirements of NFPA 10. Installation of fire extinguishers shall not compromise the structural or missile impact performance of the exterior storm shelter envelope.

Reason: Consistent use of "missile when referring to testing specifically vs impacts in general.

Report for 06-09- 2023		
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# Chapter 7 SHELTER ESSENTIAL FEATURES AND ACCESSORIES

## IS-STM 07-01-23 Chapter 7 Title

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

**Revise as follows:** 

# CHAPTER 7 STORM SHELTER ESSENTIAL FEATURES AND ACCESSORIES

Reason: Delete "storm shelter" from title. Not necessary and no other chapter has this in the title.

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Modification (if any):		
Committee Reason:		

IS-STM 07-02-23

701.2 (twice), 702.1, 703.1

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 7

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 702 TORNADO SHELTERS

**702.1 General.** *Tornado shelters* shall comply with the requirements of Sections 702.2 through <del>702.9</del> <u>702.10</u>.

<u>702.2</u> <u>701.2</u> Protection of <u>tornado</u> <u>storm</u> shelter critical support systems. <u>Storm</u> <u>Tornado</u> shelter critical support systems shall remain functional for the design storm event and <u>a</u> minimum period of <u>two hours storm shelter occupancy</u> (24 hours for hurricane shelters, 2 hours for tornado shelters). <u>Storm Tornado</u> shelter critical support systems located outside of the <u>storm tornado</u> shelter areas shall be protected by a means that meets the wind load and impact requirements of Chapter 3, and, as applicable, the flood-resistance requirements of Chapter 4.

**Exception:** The water supply system and waste water system for water closets and lavatories are not required to comply with this section.

(Renumber following sections)

### SECTION 703 HURRICANE SHELTERS

**703.1 General.** *Hurricane shelters* shall comply with the requirements of Sections 703.2 through 703.11 703.12.

<u>703.2</u> <u>701.2</u> Protection of <u>hurricane</u> storm shelter critical support systems. Storm <u>Hurricane</u> shelter critical support systems shall remain functional for the design storm event and <u>a</u> minimum period of storm shelter occupancy (24 hours for hurricane shelters, 2 hours for tornado shelters). Storm <u>Hurricane</u> shelter critical support systems located outside of the storm <u>hurricane</u> shelter areas shall be protected by a means that meets the wind load and impact requirements of Chapter 3, and, as applicable, the flood-resistance requirements of Chapter 4.

(Renumber following sections)

**Reason:** The definition of critical support system includes supply and waste water. With the duration of time in a tornado shelter - either the system will not go down, or if it does go down, this is not critical to survival. This is consistent with the last cycle where the committee removed the storage capacity

requirement for tornado shelters. The supply and waste water for hurricane shelters is addressed in Section 703.

**CRITICAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS, STORM SHELTER.** Systems and components required to ensure the health, safety and well-being of shelter occupants. Critical support systems include, potable and waste water systems, emergency and standby power and lighting systems and ventilation systems.

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#### IS-STM 07-03-23

702.3, Table 702.3, 702.3.1, 703.2, Table 703.2, 703.2.1

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

#### Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 702 TORNADO SHELTERS

<u>702.3</u> <del>702.3.1</del> **Water closets and lavatories.** Water closets and lavatories shall be either permanent plumbing fixtures installed within the tornado shelter, or temporary water closets, such as chemical toilets, or temporary lavatories, such as chemical toilets such as portable hand washing stations, or other means approved by the authority having jurisdiction.

<u>702.3.1</u> <u>702.3</u> **Minimum number water closets and lavatories.** Water closets and lavatories shall be located within the *tornado shelter* and provided in the minimum number indicated in Table 702.3.1 <u>702.3</u>.

## TABLE <u>702.3.1</u> <del>702.3</del> REQUIRED WATER CLOSET AND LAVATORIES FOR TORNADO SHELTERS

TORNADO SHELTER TYPE	WATER CLOSETS	LAVATORIES
Residential, one- and two-family dwellings	Not Required	Not Required
Residential, other	1	Not Required
Community, design occupant capacity < 50	1	Not Required
Community, design occupant capacity => 50	1 per 250 for the first 500 occupants and 1 additional per 500 occupants or portions thereof > 500 occupants	1 per 1,000 occupants

#### SECTION 703 HURRICANE SHELTERS

<u>703.3</u> <u>703.3.1</u> Water closets and lavatories. Water closets and lavatories shall be either permanent plumbing fixtures installed within the hurricane shelter, or temporary water closets, such as chemical toilets, or <u>temporary</u> lavatories, such as chemical toilets such

<u>as portable hand washing stations</u>, or other means approved by the authority having jurisdiction.

703.3 <u>703.3.1</u> Minimum number water closets and lavatories. Water closets and lavatories shall be located within the *hurricane shelter* and provided in the minimum number indicated in Table 703.3 <u>703.3.1</u>.

## TABLE 703.3 703.3.1 REQUIRED WATER CLOSETS AND LAVATORIES FOR HURRICANE SHELTERS

HURRICANE SHELTER TYPE	WATER CLOSETS	LAVATORIES
Residential, one-and two-family dwellings	Not Required	Not Required
Residential, other	1	Not Required
Community, design occupant capacity < 50	1	Not Required
Community, design occupant capacity 50	1 per 50 occupants	1 per 100 occupants

**Reason:** 703.2.1 should be before the requirements for how many, swap 702.3.1 with 702.3. 703.2.1 text gives an example of a temporary water closet, add an example of a temporary lavatory.

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#### IS-STM 07-04-23 702.4

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 702 TORNADO SHELTERS

**702.4 Ventilation.** Occupied space in tornado shelters shall be provided with natural ventilation in accordance with Section 702.4.1 or with mechanical ventilation in accordance with Section 702.4.2, or a combination.

**Reason:** Ventilation for a shelter may be by natural or mechanical means, or a combination depending on the size, configuration, and number of areas. Add "or a combination" at end of first sentence.

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Committee Reason:		

#### IS-STM 07-05-23 702.4.2

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 702 TORNADO SHELTERS

**702.4.2 Mechanical ventilation.** Tornado shelters that rely on mechanical ventilation shall be provided with the minimum mechanical ventilation rate of required outdoor air <u>in accordance with the applicable building code provisions for the normal use of the space at a minimum rate of 5 cubic feet per minute per occupant for the design occupant capacity. The mechanical ventilation system shall be connected to a standby power system.</u>

**Reason:** This change to 5 cubic feet per minute per occupant for the design occupant capacity for tornado shelters will result in a significant increase in HVAC system size, louvers, fans, etc. having a cascading effect, doubling regular and backup power requirements. This will nearly triple CFMs and increase cost exponentially. The current 2014 language supplies enough ventilation for a two hour duration. Revert text in this section to previous requirement per normal use of the space.

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#### IS-STM 07-06-23

702.5, 702.5.1, 702.5.2, 702.5.3, 703.7, 703.7.1, 703.7.2, 703.7.3, 703.7.4. 703.7.5

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 702 TORNADO SHELTERS

**702.4 Ventilation.** (no change to text)

**702.4.1 Natural ventilation.** (no change to text)

## TABLE 702.4.1 VENTING AREA REQUIRED FOR TORNADO SHELTERS

(no change to table)

- **702.4.1.1 Location of natural ventilation openings.** (no change to text)
- **702.4.1.2 Mechanical vents.** Mechanical vents, louvers or dampers used to operate *ventilation* openings shall be connected to a **standby power system**.
- **702.4.2 Mechanical ventilation.** *Tornado shelters* that rely on mechanical ventilation shall be provided with the minimum mechanical ventilation rate of required outdoor air at a minimum rate of 5 cubic feet per minute per occupant for the *design occupant capacity*. The mechanical ventilation system shall be connected to a standby power system.
- **702.4.3 Intake openings.** (no change to text)
- **702.4.4 Opening protection.** (no change to text)
- 702.5 702.6 Electrical grounding and bonding of tornado shelters. (no change to text)
- 702.6 702.7 Exit signs and emergency lighting. (no change to text)
- <u>702.7</u> <u>702.8</u> **Standby lighting.** *Community tornado shelters* shall be provided with a standby lighting system. The standby lighting system shall provide illumination levels of not less than 1 foot-candle (11 lux) at the walking surface in *occupied storm shelter areas* and *occupant support areas*. The standby lighting system shall be connected to a standby power system.

**Exception:** Personal-use lighting devices such as flashlights with a minimum of 150 lumens or *approved* equivalent lighting devices shall be permitted for *tornado shelters* with a *design occupant capacity* of less than 50. Lighting devices shall be provided at a quantity not less than one per 10 occupants and readily available within the *storm shelter*.

<u>702.8</u> <u>702.5</u> **Standby power.** Where required by Section 702.4 or <u>702.7</u> <u>702.8</u>, community tornado shelters shall be provided with a standby power system. The standby power system shall support occupied storm shelter areas and occupant support areas.

- <u>702.8.1</u> <u>702.5.1</u> Capacity. The standby power system shall have adequate capacity and rating to supply all required systems and circuits for standby lighting and any mechanical ventilation systems intended to be operated at one time.
- <u>702.8.2</u> <u>702.5.2</u> **Duration.** The standby power system shall be designed to provide continuously the required output capacity for a minimum of 2 hours.
- <u>702.8.3</u> <u>702.5.3</u> **Protection of components.** Standby power supply, transformers, distribution panels, cabling, fuel supply storage tanks, fuel lines and power supply to *storm shelter critical support system* components shall be protected in accordance with Section 701.2.

702.9 First aid kit. (no change to text)

#### SECTION 703 HURRICANE SHELTERS

**703.6 Ventilation.** (no change to text)

**703.6.1 Natural ventilation.** (no change to text)

## TABLE 703.6.1 VENTING AREA REQUIREMENTS FOR HURRICANE SHELTERS

(no change to table)

- **703.6.1.1 Location of ventilation openings.** (no change to text)
- **703.6.1.2 Mechanical vents.** Mechanical vents, louvers or dampers used to operate *ventilation* openings shall be connected to a **standby power system**.
- **703.6.2 Mechanical ventilation.** The minimum mechanical ventilation rate of required outdoor air shall be determined at a minimum rate of 5 cubic feet per minute per occupant for the *design occupant capacity*. The mechanical ventilation system shall be connected to a standby power system.
- **703.6.3 Intake openings.** (no change to text)
- **703.6.4 Opening protection.** (no change to text)
- <u>703.7</u> <del>703.8</del> Electrical grounding and bonding of hurricane shelters. (no change to text)
- 703.8 703.9 Exit signs and emergency lighting. (no change to text)
- <u>703.9</u> <u>703.10</u> **Standby lighting.** *Community hurricane shelters* shall be provided with a standby lighting system. The standby lighting system shall provide illumination levels of not less than 1 foot-candle (11 lux) at the walking surface in *occupied storm shelter areas*, and *occupant support areas*. The standby lighting system shall be connected to a standby power system.

**Exception:** Personal-use lighting devices such as flashlights with a minimum of 150 lumens or *approved* equivalent lighting devices shall be permitted for *hurricane shelters* with a *design occupant capacity* less than 50. Lighting devices, shall be provided at a quantity not less than one per 10 occupants and readily available within the *storm shelter*.

<u>703.10</u> <u>703.7</u> **Standby power.** Where required by Section 703.6 or <u>703.9</u> <u>703.10</u>, community hurricane shelters shall be provided with a standby electrical power system. The standby power system shall support occupied storm shelter areas and occupant support areas.

<u>703.10.1</u> <del>703.7.1</del> **Capacity.** The standby power system shall have adequate capacity and rating to supply all required systems and circuits for standby lighting and any mechanical ventilation systems intended to be operated at one time.

<u>703.10.2</u> <u>703.7.2</u> **Duration.** The standby power system shall be designed to provide continuously the required output capacity for a minimum of 24 hours.

<u>703.10.3</u> <u>703.7.3</u> **Independence.** The standby power supply shall be located on-site, and shall be independent of off-site sources of fuel or water.

<u>703.10.4</u> <u>703.7.4</u> **Protection of components.** Standby power supply, transformers, distribution panels, cabling, fuel supply storage tanks, fuel lines and power supply to *storm shelter critical support system* components shall be protected in accordance with Section 701.2.

<u>703.10.5</u> <u>703.7.5</u> **Location.** Standby power supply shall be accessible by a protected access route. The access route shall be located within the *hurricane shelter* or shall meet the provisions for exterior wall and roof *impact-protective systems* in accordance with this standard.

**703.11 First aid kit.** (no change to text).

Reason: It is more logical to have standby power after where it is required for ventilation and lighting.

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#### IS-STM 07-07-23 703.3.4.1

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 703 HURRICANE SHELTERS

**703.3.4.1 Storage capacity for water supply and waste water.** In community shelters with a design occupant capacity of 50 or greater, the capacity of plumbing and waste disposal systems to supply water and contain or dispose of waste water or solid wastes shall be 1 gallon (3.8 L) per occupant of supply water in addition to the drinking water required in Section 703.4 and 1.5 gallons (5.68 L) <u>capacity</u> per occupant for <u>containment of</u> waste water.

**Exception:** Where temporary water closets or lavatories are provided that do not require water, the requirement for supply and waste water storage shall be permitted to be reduced proportional to the total required water closets and lavatories.

Reason: Adds clarity

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Committee Reason:		

## **IS-STM 07-08-23** 703.3.4.1, 703.4

Proponent: ICC Work Group 7

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 703 HURRICANE SHELTERS

**703.3.4 Sanitation support method.** A sanitation support method for the water closets or lavatories shall be capable of supplying water and containing waste for the *design* occupant capacity of the *hurricane shelter*.

**703.3.4.1 Storage capacity for water supply and waste water.** In community shelters with a design occupant capacity of 50 or greater, the capacity of plumbing and waste disposal systems to supply water and contain or dispose of waste water or solid wastes shall be 1 gallon (3.8 L) per occupant of supply water in addition to the drinking water required in Section 703.4 and 1.5 gallons (5.68 L) per occupant for of waste water .

**Exception:** Where temporary water closets or lavatories are provided that do not require water, the requirement for supply and waste water storage shall be permitted to be reduced proportional to the total required water closets and lavatories.

**703.4 Drinking water.** For *community hurricane shelters* at least 1 gallon (3.8 L) of drinking water shall be provided for each occupant <u>in addition to the supply water</u> requirements in Section 703.3.4.1.

**Reason:** The current reference in Section 703.3.4.1 appears to indicate that the there has to be storage for 1.5 gallons for waste water plus the 1 gallon of drinking water. The current requirements for waste containment already considers normal consumption of food and drink and the waste generated in the 1.5 gallons.

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#### IS-STM 07-09-23 703.6

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 703 HURRICANE SHELTERS

**703.6 Ventilation.** Occupied spaces in hurricane shelters shall be provided with natural ventilation in accordance with Section 703.6.1. Occupied space in community hurricane shelters with a Where the design occupant capacity is of 50 or greater the storm shelter shall also be ventilated by with mechanical means in accordance with Section 703.6.2. Ventilation openings for natural and mechanical ventilation shall comply with Sections 703.6.3 and 703.6.4.

**Reason:** Text here sounds like shelters under 50 are required to be natural and 50 or greater are required to be mechanical. If the intent is when the occupant capacity is 50 or greater than both natural and mechanical are required then this should be stated more explicitly.

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#### IS-STM 07-10-23 703.6

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 703 HURRICANE SHELTERS

**703.6 Ventilation.** Occupied spaces in hurricane shelters shall be provided with natural ventilation in accordance with Section 703.6.1. Occupied space in community hurricane shelters with a design occupant capacity of 50 or greater shall be ventilated by with mechanical means in accordance with Section 703.6.2. Ventilation openings for natural and mechanical ventilation shall comply with Sections 703.6.3 and 703.6.4.

**Reason:** There is no reason to provide both natural and mechanical ventilation and a standby power system. This is double redundancy.

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## **IS-STM 07-11-23** 703.3.4.1, Table 703.4.1(New)

Proponent: Dan Dain, representing NSSA

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 703 HURRICANE SHELTERS

**703.3.4 Sanitation support method.** A sanitation support method for the water closets or lavatories shall be capable of supplying water and containing waste for the *design* occupant capacity of the *hurricane shelter*.

703.3.4.1 Storage capacity for water supply and waste water. Provide water supply and waste water storage in accordance with Table 703.3. In community shelters with a design occupant capacity of 50 or greater, the capacity of plumbing and waste disposal systems to supply water and contain or dispose of waste water or solid wastes shall be 1 gallon (3.8 L) per occupant of supply water in addition to the drinking water required in Section 703.4 and 1.5 gallons (5.68 L) per occupant for waste water.

**Exception:** Where temporary water closets or lavatories are provided that do not require water, the requirement for supply and waste water storage shall be permitted to be reduced proportional to the total required water closets and lavatories.

TABLE 703.4.1
WATER SUPPLY AND WASTE WATER STORAGE HURRICANE SHELTERS

STORAGE SHELTER TYPE	POTABLE WATER	WASTE WATER
Residential, one- and two-family dwellings	Not required	Not required
Residential, other	Not required	Not required
Community with <= occupants	Not required	Not required
Community with > 50 occupants	1 gallon per occupant	1.5 gallons per occupant

**Reason:** Bring back the water and supply storage table in 703.

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#### IS-STM 07-12-23 703.7.3

Proponent: ICC Work Group 7

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 703 HURRICANE SHELTERS

**703.7.3 Independence.** The Where the standby power supply shall be is located on-site, and the standby power supply shall be independent of off-site sources of fuel or water.

**Reason:** Some states that have community hurricane shelters have generators in one central location and move them to the shelter that are being opened in anticipation of the hurricane hitting that location.

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# Chapter 8 TEST METHODS FOR IMPACT AND PRESSURE TESTING

IS-STM 08-01-23 802.5

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 8

**Revise as follows:** 

#### SECTION 802 TEST SPECIMENS

802.5 Fire, pressure, and impact testing Testing for fire-resistance rating.

Materials, elements or assemblies required to have testing for compliance with the fire-resistance ratings or fire-protection ratings required by Section 603, and Wall or ceiling assemblies and impact-protective systems located in walls or horizontal assemblies required to have a fire-resistance rating or fire-protection rating, and required to have pressure and impact testing conducted in accordance with Chapter 8, shall be subjected to fire testing separately from the pressure and impact testing. Fire testing shall be permitted on separate specimens from the pressure and impact testing.

#### Reason:

- 1) Main point of this section is to separate fire testing from pressure/impact tests
- 2) Modified language allows for Section 306 criteria to determine performance reqmt's
- 3) Change of Title describes all 3 performance aspects

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#### IS-STM 08-02-23 803.9

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 8

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.9 Impact locations and the number of impacts.** For purposes of testing *impact-protective systems*, impact locations and quantities shall be as indicated in Sections 803.9.1 through 803.9.7.3, as applicable. The tolerance for impact locations shall be within a  $2^{1}/_{2}$  inch (64 mm) radius circle, with the center of the circle located as indicated in Sections 803.9.1 through 803.9.7.3, as applicable.

**Reason:** Section 803.9 contains impact locations for items beyond those classified as Impact Protective Systems (i.e. wall/roof assemblies). The shelter envelope is defined as being comprised of wall/roof/floor assemblies as well as IPS, while IPS is defined to be protecting openings in the shelter envelope. Deleting 'impact protective systems' will fix this.

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#### IS-STM 08-03-23 803.9.1

Proponent: Andrew Holstein, Ph.D., P.E., representing Intertek

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.9.1 Panel or framed wall assemblies and roof assemblies.** Sections of panel or framed wall assemblies and roof assemblies shall be impacted in the center of the section, and at one interface corner as detailed in Figures 803.9.1(1) and 803.9.1(2). Where an interior stud or support is present at the center of the wall section, the center wall impact shall be adjusted to strike centered between studs or supports.

Where an interior stud or support is present, additional impacts shall be performed within 3 inches (76 mm) of the stud or support, and directly on a stud support, as detailed in Figures 803.9.1(1) and 803.9.1(2).

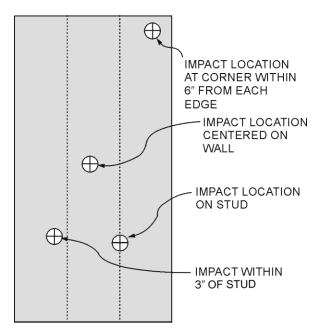
Interface joints used for attachment or joining at corners, at panel-to-panel sections, or at panel-to-roof shall be impacted directly on the interface joints as detailed in Figure 803.9.1(2) for each type of joint.

Where a section contains lapped materials, the centered impact shall be adjusted to strike the center of any lap, and an additional impact shall be performed within 3 inches (76 mm) of the lap on the panel that laps behind the seam as detailed in Figure 803.9.1(2).

No more than three impacts shall be made on one *specimen*. Where more than three impacts are required, multiple identical test *specimens* shall be provided.

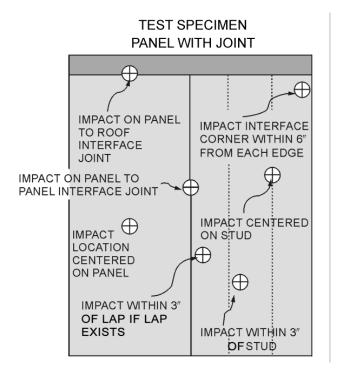
**Exception:** More than three impacts shall be permitted to be made on the same test *specimen* by mutual con- sent of the test sponsor and *test laboratory*.

TEST SPECIMEN
PANEL WITHOUT JOINT



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

## FIGURE 803.9.1(1) PANEL OR FRAMED WALL ASSEMBLIES AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE 803.9.1(1)

## PANEL OR FRAMED WALL ASSEMBLIES AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES

Staff Note: Direction is needed for any changes to the graphics.

**Reason:** Framed wall and roof assemblies may have an interior stud or support present at the center of the wall section (e.g. a 4-foot-wide wall with 24 inch on-center stud spacing). In this case, it is necessary to move the wall's center impact to a section of the wall without interior studs or supports so that this thinnest section of the assembly may be evaluated. The impact on the stud is covered by the following paragraph, which is not being revised.

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#### IS-STM 08-04-23

Figure 803.9.3(2)

Proponent: Andrew Holstein, Ph.D., P.E., representing Intertek

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.9.3 Masonry unit wall assemblies and roof assemblies.** Sections of wall assemblies and roof assemblies constructed of masonry units shall be impacted in the center of the section, and at one interface corner or joint as detailed in Figure 803.9.3(1). Mortared joints shall be impacted directly on the interface joints as detailed in Figure 803.9.3(2).

No more than three impacts shall be made on one *specimen* or specimen panel. Where more than three impacts are required, multiple identical test *specimens* shall be pro-vided.

**Exception:** More than three impacts shall be permitted to be made on the same test *specimen* by mutual con- sent of the test sponsor and *test laboratory*.

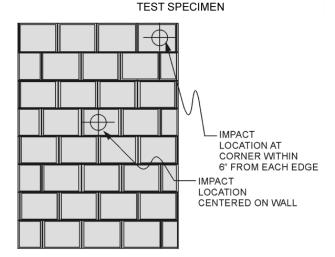
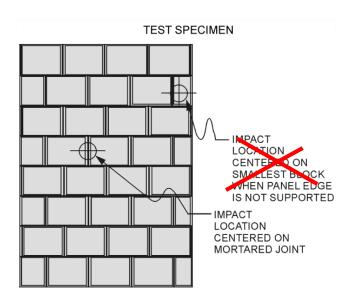


FIGURE 803.9.3(1)
MASONRY UNIT WALL ASSEMBLIES AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES



## FIGURE 803.9.3(2) MASONRY UNIT WALL ASSEMBLIES AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES

**Reason:** The smallest block impact does not appear in the text requirements. As the figures are informational only, the figure should be revised to match the text requirements.

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### IS-STM 08-05-23

803.9.4.3, Figure 803.9.4.3

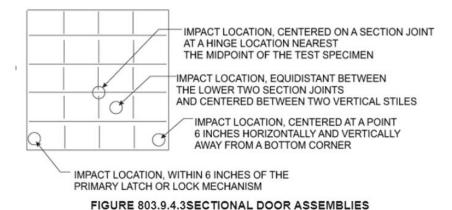
Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 8

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.9.4.3 Sectional door assemblies.** For sectional door assemblies, the door shall be impacted centered on a section joint at a hinge location nearest the midpoint of the test specimen, equidistant between the lower two section joints and centered between two vertical stiles, centered at a point 6 inches horizontally and vertically away from a at one bottom corner, and within 6 inches (152 mm) of the primary latch or lock mechanism as shown. See example in Figure 803.9.4.3.

#### **EXISTING FIGURE**



#### PROPOSED NEW FIGURE

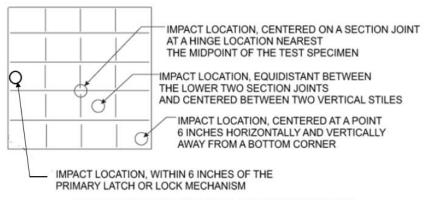


FIGURE 803.9.4.3 SECTIONAL DOOR ASSEMBLIES

**Reason:** Cleanup and clarity of text to align with Figure. There should not be variation in the text between the section language and the figure.

Modifications allow for clarity between figures and text.

Current figure shows lock in bottom corner – where it never is for sectional doors. Move to mid-sectional as shown

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IS-STM 08-06-23 202, 803.9.5

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 8

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 202 DEFINITIONS

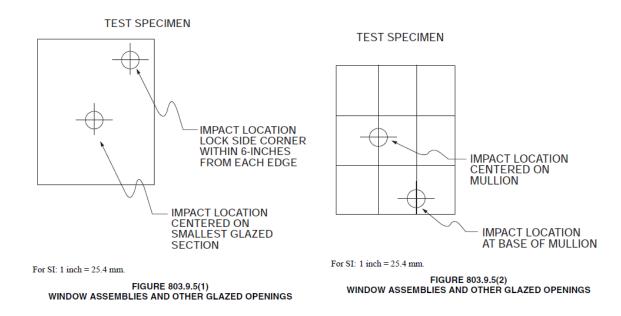
**MULLION.** A structural member used to connect of divide impact protective systems or individual elements within an impact protective systems.

## SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.9.5** Window assemblies and other glazed openings. All window assemblies and other glazed openings shall be impacted in the center of the smallest glazed section, and at the lock side corner, or one interface corner, within 6 inches from each edge as applicable one interface corner as detailed in Figure 803.9.5(1). Where interior mullions or other glazed section joints and/or latches are present, the assembly shall be impacted centered on the mullion and at base of mullion additional impacts shall be applied on these features as shown in Figure 803.9.5(2). Interface hinge joints and primary latches, where present, shall be impacted as shown in Figure 803.9.4.1(2) on an additional specimen.

No more than two impacts shall be made on one *specimen*. Where more than two impacts are required, multiple identical test *specimens* shall be provided.

**Exception:** More than two impacts shall be permitted to be made on the same test specimen by mutual consent of the test sponsor and *test laboratory*.



**Reason:** Cleanup and clarity of text to align with Figure. There should not be variation in the text between the section language and the figure.

There is no illustration for latches, only lock - add same text from 803.9.6.

Addition of "Mullion" definition to support Section 803.9.5 revisions.

Modified language allows for clarifying language of 'lock/latch corner' impact location

Addition of Section 803.9.5.2 to evaluate performance of different mullion designs and connections.

New Section 803.9.5.3 to qualify performance for operable windows separate from fixed windows.

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#### IS-STM 08-07-23

202, 803.9.5, 803.9.5.1(New), 803.9.5.2(New), 803.9.5.3(New), Figure 803.9.5.3(1)(New), Figure 803.9.5.3(2)(New)

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 8

Revise as follows:

#### SECTION 202 DEFINITIONS

MULLION. A structural member used to connect of divide impact protective systems or individual elements within an impact protective systems.

## SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.9.5 Window assemblies and other glazed openings.** All window assemblies and other glazed openings shall <u>comply with Sections 803.9.5.1 and 803.9.5.2.</u> Operable window assemblies shall also comply with Section 803.9.5.3.

803.9.5.1 Glazed openings. Glazed openings shall be impacted in the center of the smallest glazed section, and at one lock/latch side corner where a lock/latch is provided, or one interface corner where no lock/latch is provided, within 6 inches from each edge. See example as detailed in Figure 803.9.5(1) 803.9.5.1.

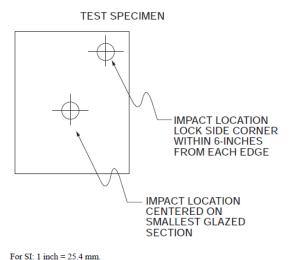


Figure 803.9.5(1) 803.9.5.1
WINDOW ASSEMBLIES AND OTHER GLAZED OPENINGS

(Note: Change 'lock' to 'lock/latch' in note)

803.9.5.2 Mullions and mullion connections. Where interior mullions or other glazed section joints and/or latches are present, the assembly each mullion design and mullion connection design shall be impacted centered on at the center of the mullion and at base of mullion additional impacts shall be applied on these features, and at the end of the mullion within 6 inches of the mullion joint. See example as shown in Figure 803.9.5(2) 803.9.5.2. Where multiple identical instances of a mullion design or mullion connection design are present, the worst-case instances shall be selected by the test laboratory for impact testing.

No more than two impacts shall be made on one *specimen*. Where more than two impacts are required, multiple identical test *specimens* shall be provided.

**Exception:** More than two impacts shall be permitted to be made on the same test specimen by mutual consent of the test sponsor and *test laboratory*.

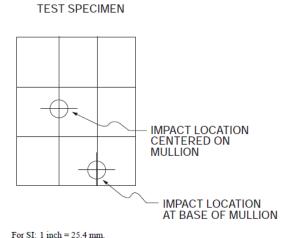


Figure 803.9.5(2) 803.9.5.2 WINDOW ASSEMBLIES AND OTHER GLAZED OPENINGS WITH MULLIONS

803.9.5.3 Operable window assemblies: Operable window assemblies shall be impacted on the operable panel within 6 inches (152 mm) of an interface hinge joint, within 6 inches (152 mm) of a lock/latch point, and within 6 inches (152 mm) of an operator, plus additional impacts on a center meeting point and end meeting point, where applicable. See example in Figure 803.9.5.3(1).

Where a window assembly contains multiple panels, the operable panel innermost to the *protected occupant area* shall be targeted for impact. Where the multiple panels contain different hardware components, each panel with a unique hardware configuration shall be targeted for impact. See example in Figure 803.9.5.3(2).

No more than four impacts shall be made on one *specimen*. Where more than four impacts are required, multiple identical test *specimens* shall be utilized. Impacts

shown on the same panel in Figure 803.9.5.3(2), shall occur on the same test specimen.

**Exception:** More than four impacts shall be permitted to be made on the same test *specimen* by mutual consent of the test sponsor and *test laboratory*.

(Figure will be developed when proposal is approved based on text)

Figure 803.9.5.3(1)

#### OPERABLE WINDOW ASSEMBLIES AND OTHER GLAZED OPENINGS

(Figure will be developed when proposal is approved based on text)

Figure 803.9.5.3(2)

## OPERABLE WINDOW ASSEMBLIES AND OTHER GLAZED OPENINGS WITH MULTIPLE PANELS

**Reason:** The purpose of this proposal is to clarify the impact requirements for different types of window assemblies.

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#### IS-STM 08-08-23 803.9.6(New)

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 8

Revise as follows:

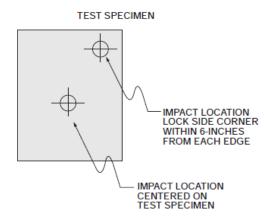
## SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

803.9.6 Louver assemblies. Louver assembly test specimens shall be impacted at the center of the unsupported span on each unique louver section, and at one interface corner of each unique louver section. See example in Figure 803.9.6(1). The exterior edge of the louver blade shall be impacted by a portion of the leading face of the test missile. See example in Figure 803.9.6(2).

Where an interior stiffener or support is present, additional impacts onto the same test specimen shall be performed within 3 inches (76 mm) of stiffener or support, and directly on the stiffener or support. See examples in Figure 803.9.2(1) or 803.9.2(2).

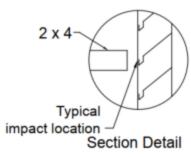
Where mullions are present, additional impacts shall be performed in accordance with Section 803.9.5.2.

(Note: See IS-STM 08-07-23 for Section 803.9.5.2 reference)



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE 803.9.6(1)
LOUVER ASSEMBLIES



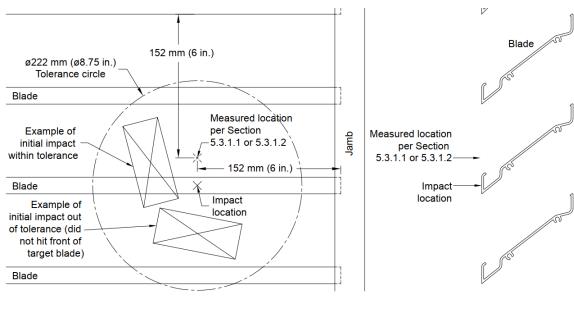


FIGURE 803.9.6(2) LOUVER ASSEMBLIES

Reason: Specifics are needed for louvers.

View of Exterior Face

# Committee Action: Approval/Approval as Modified/Disapproval (Vote:) Modification (if any): Committee Reason:

Report for 08-08- 2023		
Committee decision: AS/AM/D	Committee Vote at Meeting:	Committee Vote on Ballot:
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**Section Cut View** 

Report for 08-08- 2023			
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#### IS-STM 08-09-23 803.9.6

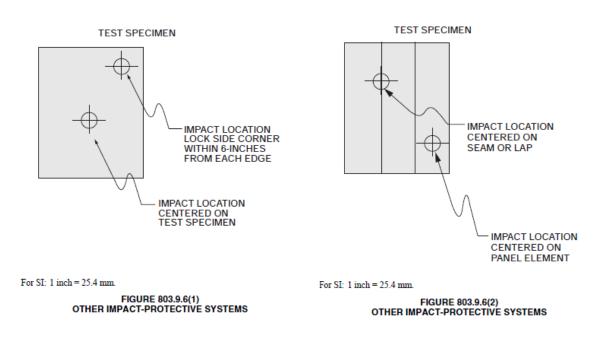
Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 8

Revise as follows:

## SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.9.6 Other impact-protective systems.** All other impact-protective systems shall be impacted in the center of the test specimen, and at the lock side corner within 6 inches from each edge one interface corner as detailed in Figure 803.9.6(1). Panels and interface joints shall be additionally impacted onto the same unit centered on seam or lap and centered on panel element as shown in Figure 803.9.6(2). Interface hinge joints and primary latches, where present, shall be impacted as shown in Figure 803.9.4.1(2) on an additional specimen. All impact-protective systems that include swinging door assemblies with latching hardware shall be tested in accordance with Section 803.9.4.

Where an interior stud or support is present, additional impacts onto the same unit shall be performed within 3 inches (76 mm) of the stud and support, and directly on the stud support, as detailed in Figure 803.9.2(1) or 803.9.2(2).



**Reason:** This is a proposal to coordinate the requirements with the figures. The work group also submitted a proposal with suggested additional language.

Cleanup and clarity of text to align with Figure. There should not be variation in the text between the section language and the figure.

1)This Section to address all other IPS

- 2) Includes "Mullion" testing from revised Windows Section 803.9.5 (if approved)
- 3) Includes language to address hinged or pivoted assemblies that perform as a door

All figures to be updated after full committee approval of proposals...

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Report for 08-09- 2023		
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#### IS-STM 08-10-23 803.9.6

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 8

Revise as follows:

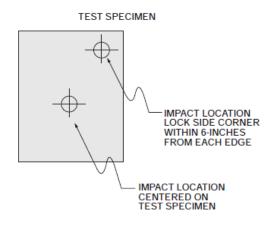
### SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

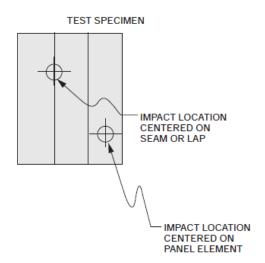
**803.9.6 Other impact-protective systems.** All other impact-protective systems shall be impacted in the center of the test specimen, and <u>one lock/latch side corner where a lock/latch is provided</u>, or one interface corner where no lock/latch is provided, within 6 inches from each edge. one interface corner as detailed See example in Figure 803.9.6(1). Panels and interface joints shall be additionally impacted onto <u>on</u> the same unit test specimen centered at a seam or lap and at the center of a panel element. as shown See example in Figure 803.9.6(2). Interface hinge joints and primary latches, where present, shall be impacted as shown in Figure 803.9.4.1(2) on an additional specimen. All impact-protective systems that include swinging door assemblies with latching hardware shall be tested in accordance with Section 803.9.4.

Where an interior stud or support is present, additional impacts onto the same unit test specimen shall be performed within 3 inches (76 mm) of the stud and or support, and directly on the stud or support, as detailed See examples in Figure Figures 803.9.2(1) or 803.9.2(2).

Where mullions are present, additional impacts shall be performed in accordance with Section 803.9.5.2.

All impact-protective systems that include hinged or pivoted assemblies shall be tested in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 803.9.4.





For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE 803.9.6(1)
OTHER IMPACT-PROTECTIVE SYSTEMS

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE 803.9.6(2)

OTHER IMPACT-PROTECTIVE SYSTEMS

(Note: Change 'lock' to 'lock/latch' in the note)

**Reason:** This is a proposal for additional information for other impact systems. The work group also submitted a proposal for coordination with the figure only.

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#### IS-STM 08-11-23 803.9.7

Proponent: ICC 500 Work Group 8

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.9.7 Alcove or baffled storm shelter entry systems.** Impact testing described in this section required for alcove or baffled *storm shelter entry systems* shall meet the requirements of Sections 304 and 305. See Figure 803.9.7 for an example of an alcove or baffle *storm shelter entry system*. Impact test requirements are presented for systems that comply with one of the following:

- 1. The missile impacts at least twice on wall or roof assemblies meeting the requirements of Section 306.3 prior to entering the *protected occupant area*. Straight missile paths and elastic impacts are assumed in determining missile trajectories. Test requirements for this type of system are presented in Section 803.9.7.1. Examples of this type of system are shown in Figure 803.9.7.1. The boundary between the *protected occupant area* and the unprotected occupant area shall be clearly marked on the floor and walls of the *storm shelter*.
- 2. The missile impacts initially a wall or roof assembly meeting the requirements of Section 306.3 and possibly rebounds to impact a door assembly. Straight missile paths and elastic impacts are assumed in determining missile trajectories. The impact test requirements for this type of system are presented in Section 803.9.7.2. Examples of this type of system are shown in Figures 803.9.7.1 and 803.9.7.2.
- 3. The missile impact on a door assembly is limited to an angle less than 90 degrees (1.57 rad) by *impact-protective systems*. The impact test requirements for this type of system are presented in Section 803.9.7.3. Examples of this type of system are shown in Figure 803.9.7.3.

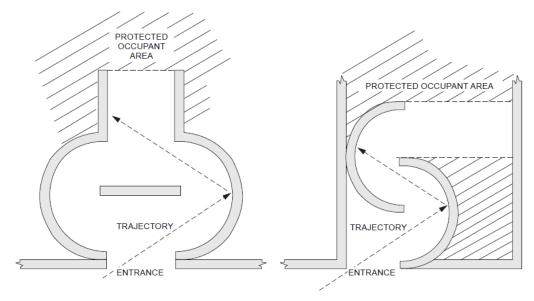


FIGURE 803.9.7.1
ALCOVE OR BAFFLED STORM SHELTER ENTRY SYSTEMS FOR WHICH TESTING IS REQUIRED

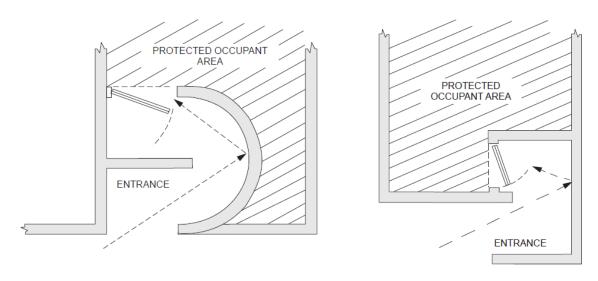


FIGURE 803.9.7.2
DOOR ASSEMBLIES SUBJECT TO REBOUND IMPACT

**Reason:** Figure 803.9.7.1 does not depict a rebound impact on a door, which is the scope of item 2 and Section 803.9.7.2.

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#### IS-STM 08-12-23 803.9.7.3

Proponent: ICC Work Group 8

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.9.7.3 Door assemblies subject to first impact.** Where a first-strike angle missile will impact on the door assembly (see Figure 803.9.7.3 for an example) the door assembly shall meet the wind load requirements of Section 306.3, the fire-resistance requirements of Section 603, and meets meet one of the following debris impact criteria:

- 1. The door assembly withstands the impact of a missile striking the door assembly at an angle closest to perpendicular to the plane of the door.
- 2. The door assembly withstands missile impacts by the design missile striking perpendicular to the surface with speed equal to or greater than the *storm shelter* design missile's velocity component perpendicular to the door assembly for the most critical angle that can occur in the application.

The minimum debris impact criterion for the door assembly shall be an impact perpendicular to the door assembly of a 9-pound sawn lumber 2 by 4 traveling at 50 feet per second [34 mph (15.2 m/s)].

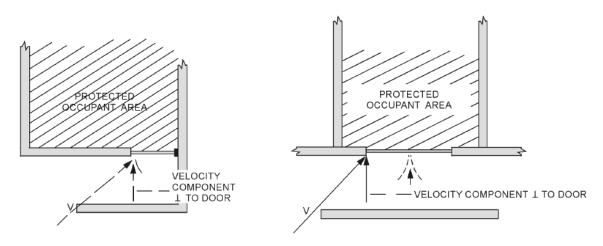


FIGURE 803.9.7.3
DOOR ASSEMBLIES SUBJECT TO REBOUND IMPACT

Reason: Consistency with other sections.

#### **Committee Reason:**

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## **IS-STM 08-13-23** 803.10.1, 803.10.4

003.10.1, 003.10.4

Proponent: Andrew Holstein, Ph.D., P.E., representing Intertek

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

**803.10.1 Perforation.** Any perforation of the interior surface of <u>any component of</u> the tested <u>assembly</u> component of the storm shelter envelope by the design missile shall constitute a failure. For impact-protective systems, perforation or deflection that would result in impact of the protected component constitutes a failure. For pre-existing joint openings, the creation of a through opening in the tested assembly allowing the complete passage of a 3/8" rod at any angle shall constitute a failure.

EXCEPTION: Joints, gaps, or voids permitted by Section 306.5 to be greater than 3/8" shall not exceed their permitted size after testing.

**803.10.4 Permanent deformation.** Permanent deformation of an interior surface of the test specimen shall be determined by measuring the distance from a straight edge held between two undeformed points on the specimen. The maximum permanent deformation shall be measured to the nearest 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) and shall not exceed 3 inches (76 mm). For impact-protective systems, deflection that would result in impact of the protected component constitutes a failure.

**Reason:** 1) Additional guidance is required on what constitutes perforation by the missile. If an existing joint/gap is expanded due to the impact, is this considered to be perforation? The current language is subjective, which has led to varying applications at different labs. This revision establishes an objective metric to evaluate perforation to ensure consistency across labs. The exception recognizes that some joints and gaps are permitted by Section 306.5 to be larger than 3/8" (i.e. door undercut) and in those cases the permitted dimension is not intended to be reduced by this requirement.

2) The pass/fail criteria of deflection for impact-protective systems does not belong in the perforation section and should be relocated to the more closely related Permanent Deformation section.

Report for 08-13- 2023		
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#### IS-STM 08-14-23

803.11(New)

Proponent: Andrew Holstein, Ph.D., P.E., representing Intertek

#### Revise as follows:

### SECTION 803 IMPACT TESTING

## **803.11 Minimum Reporting Requirements.** At a minimum, the test report shall include the following items:

- 1. The dates of testing and report issuance.
- 2. The names and addresses of the test sponsor and test laboratory.
- 3. The product name and model number.
- 4. A description of the tested specimens, including all parts and components, and the number of specimens tested.
- <u>5.</u> <u>Dimensioned drawings, verified by the test laboratory as representative of the tested assembly, including: section profiles; framing layout; type and spacing of anchorage; hardware make, model, and location; and any other pertinent construction details.</u>
- 6. A description of the test chamber mounting, when used.
- 7. The ambient temperature at the time of testing.
- 8. The weight of each impact test missile measured within 2 hours of use.
- 9. The launch speed of each impact test missile.
- 10. A statement of observations after each missile impact including permanent deformation and details of any damage, disengagement, dislodgement, spall, or other pertinent observations.
- 11. A statement that testing was conducted in accordance with ICC 500, including the edition.
- 12. A statement of compliance or non-compliance with each of the requirements in Section 803.10.
- 13. A sketch or photograph indicating the locations of impact on each tested assembly.
- 14. Photos of the interior and exterior of the tested assembly, before and after impact.

**Reason:** Minimum reporting requirements are required in the standard to ensure consistency across test laboratories and to ensure that pertinent information is being reported to allow determination of compliance with standard requirements. Requirements in this section have been taken from ASTM E1886 and other sections of ICC 500. Some additional requirements have been added to aid in the interpretation of assembly performance.

Committee Action: Approval/Approval as Modified/Disapproval (Vote:)

## Modification (if any): Committee Reason:

Report for 08-14-2023		
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#### IS-STM 08-15-23 805.3.2

Proponent: Andrew Holstein, Ph.D., P.E., representing Intertek

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 805 STATIC AND CYCLIC PRESSURE TESTING PROCEDURES

**805.3.2 Hurricane Shelters.** Impact-protective systems for use in hurricane shelters shall be static pressure tested to a pressure of 1.2 times the design wind pressure or greater in accordance with ASTM E330 and subjected to cyclic pressure testing in accordance with ASTM E1886. Cyclic pressure testing shall follow the impact testing required in Section 803.

**Exception:** Cyclic pressure testing is not required for <u>side-swinging</u> door assemblies without glazing where such assemblies are static pressure tested to a pressure of 1.5 times the design wind pressure or greater in accordance with ASTM E330.

**Reason:** With the 2020 addition of rolling and sectional doors, the "door assemblies" referenced in the exception should be clarified. The exception was originally added at a time when "door assemblies" in the standard meant side-hinged door assemblies. Rolling or sectional door assemblies could be susceptible to fatigue-related failure and should be subjected to the standard cyclic pressure testing when use in hurricane shelters is desired.

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#### IS-STM 08-16-23

805.4(New), 805.4.1(New), 805.4.2(New), 805.4.3(New)

Proponent: Andrew Holstein, Ph.D., P.E., representing Intertek

#### Revise as follows:

### SECTION 805 STATIC AND CYCLIC PRESSURE TESTING PROCEDURES

**805.4 Pass or Fail.** The pass or fail criteria for static or cyclic pressure testing shall be in accordance with Sections 805.4.1 through 805.4.3.

**805.4.1 Loss of Pressure Resistance.** Inability of the tested component to withstand the applied static or cyclic pressure for the required duration shall constitute a failure.

805.4.2 Permanent Deformation. Permanent deformation of an interior surface of the test specimen shall be determined by measuring the distance from a straight edge held between two undeformed points on the specimen. The maximum permanent deformation after static or cyclic loading shall be measured to the nearest 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) and shall not exceed 3 inches (76 mm).

**805.4.3 Maximum Deflection.** The maximum deflection under static pressure shall not exceed 5 inches.

Exception: Deflections in excess of 5 inches are permissible when the minimum setback distance determined through testing is clearly indicated in the certification listing and accommodated in the shelter design. Accommodation in the shelter design shall include either of the following:

- 1. Signage on the interior surface of the component indicating the safe setback distance as well as indication of the safe setback distance on the shelter floor and walls.
- 2. Other methods of indicating safe setback distance suitable to the shelter designer, shelter owner, and authority having jurisdiction.

#### Reason:

- 805.4 No pass or fail criteria currently exist for static and cyclic pressure testing. Clear pass or fail criteria should be added to ensure uniform application of the standard across test laboratories.
- 805.4.1 A loss of structural resistance to the applied loading signifies that the tested component can no longer protect shelter occupants. This should be considered a failure.
- 805.4.2 The permanent deformation requirement for impact testing has been repeated here. If the standard deems 3 inches of permanent set to be unacceptable after impact testing, it stands to reason that this level of permanent set would be unacceptable after pressure testing as well.
- 805.4.3 The maximum deflection under the applied pressure should not exceed the assumed safe setback distance established by the placement of the kraft paper witness screen 5 inches from the interior

component surface during impact testing. An exception is provided for assemblies that do not meet this criteria, but the shelter designer must then consider this greater deflection and address it in their shelter design via signage and setback marking or another method acceptable to the building owner and AHJ. Deflection measurement is not addressed in ASTM E1886, so this requirement does not apply to cyclic pressure loading.

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#### IS-STM 08-17-23

805.5(New)

Proponent: Andrew Holstein, Ph.D., P.E., representing Intertek

Revise as follows:

### SECTION 805 STATIC AND CYCLIC PRESSURE TESTING PROCEDURES

**805.5 Minimum Reporting Requirements.** At a minimum, the test report shall include the following items:

- 1. The dates of testing and report issuance.
- 2. The names and addresses of the test sponsor and test laboratory.
- 3. The product name and model number.
- 4. A description of the tested specimens, including all parts and components, and the number of specimens tested.
- <u>5.</u> <u>Dimensioned drawings, verified by the test laboratory as representative of the tested assembly, including: section profiles; framing layout; type and spacing of anchorage; hardware make, model, and location; and any other pertinent construction details.</u>
- 6. A description of the test chamber mounting, when used.
- 7. The ambient temperature at the time of testing.
- 8. When static pressure testing is conducted, a tabulation of applied pressure differences, their duration, and resulting deflection.
- 9. When cyclic pressure testing is conducted, a tabulation of the applied pressure differences, their average cycle times, and the number of cycles.
- 10. A statement of observations after testing including permanent deformation and details of any damage or other pertinent information.
- 11. A statement that testing was conducted in accordance with ICC 500, including the edition.
- 12. A statement of compliance or non-compliance with each of the requirements in Section 805.4.
- 13. Photos of the interior and exterior of the tested assembly, before and after testing.

**Reason:** Minimum reporting requirements are required in the standard to ensure consistency across test laboratories and to ensure that pertinent information is being reported to allow determination of compliance with standard requirements. Requirements in this section have been taken from ASTM E330, ASTM E1886, and other sections of ICC 500. Some additional requirements have been added to aid in the interpretation of assembly performance.

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## Chapter 9 REFERENCED STANDARDS

#### IS-STM 09-01-23

#### **Chapter 9**

Proponent: ICC 500 committee

#### Revise as follows:

ACI 318-19 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete
ACI 332-19 Residential Code Requirements for Structural Concrete

ASCE 7-16 22 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and

Other Structures with Supplement No. 1

ASCE 24-14 Flood Resistant Design and Construction

ASTM C920—18 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants ASTM E330/E330M—14\_(2021) Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference

ASTM E1592—05 (Reapproved 2017) Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Sheet Metal Roof and Siding Systems by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference

ASTM E1886—19 Standard Test Method for the Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, Doors and Impact Protective Systems Impacted by Missile(s) and Exposed to Cyclic Pressure Differentials

DOC PS 20—20 American Softwood Lumber Standard

FM 4474—2011 2020 American National Standard for Evaluating the Simulated Wind Uplift Resistance of Roof Assemblies Using Static Positive and/or Negative Differential Pressures

ICC IBC—21 24 International Building Code

ICC A117.1—17 23 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities

ICC IPC—21 24 International Plumbing Code ICC IRC—21 24 International Residential Code

ISEA ANSI/ISEA Z308.1—2015 Minimum Requirements for Workplace First Aid Kits and Supplies

NFPA-10—18 22 Portable Fire Extinguishers NFPA-70—17 National Electrical Code

TMS 602—2016 2022 Specification for Masonry Structures

UL1897—15 Standard for Safety for Uplift Tests for Roof Covering Systems <u>-with</u> revisions through September 2020

Reason: Update to coordinate with 2024 I-codes per ADM52-22

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#### IS-STM 09-02-23

#### **Chapter 9**

Proponent: Marc Levitan, representing NIST

Revise as follows:

### CHAPTER 9 REFERENCED STANDARDS

ASCE 7-16 22 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures with Supplement No.-3-1 and 2.

**Staff Note:** The following items in the ICC 500 may be addressed with a change in flood provisions.

## **SECTION 202 DEFINITIONS**

**500-YEAR FLOOD.** The flood having a 0.2 percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

**500-YEAR FLOOD ELEVATION.** The elevation of the *500-year flood*, including wave height.

**500-YEAR FLOOD HAZARD AREA.** The area subject to the *500-year flood*.

**BASE FLOOD.** The flood having a 1-percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

**BASE FLOOD ELEVATION.** The elevation of the *base flood*, including wave height, **COASTAL A ZONE.** Area within a special *flood hazard area*, landward of a V zone or landward of an open coast without mapped *coastal high-hazard areas*. In a *coastal A zone*, the principal source of flooding is astronomical tides, storm surges, seiches or tsunamis, not riverine flooding. During the *base flood* conditions, the potential for breaking wave height is greater than or equal to 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> feet (457 mm). The inland limit of the *coastal A zone* is one of the following:

- 1. The Limit of Moderate Wave Action if delineated on a FIRM.
- 2. Designated by the authority having jurisdiction.

**COASTAL HIGH-HAZARD AREA.** Area within the special *flood hazard area* extending from offshore to the inland limit of a primary dune along an open coast and any other area that is subject to high-velocity wave action from storms or seismic sources, and shown on a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) or other flood hazard map as velocity Zone V, VO, VE or V1-30.

**FLOOD ELEVATION.** The base flood elevation, 500-year flood elevation or storm surge flood elevation applicable for the design and construction of a storm shelter.

**FLOOD ELEVATION STUDY.** An examination, evaluation and determination of flood hazard and, where appropriate, corresponding water surface elevations, or an examination, evaluation and determination of storm surge inundation, including coastal wave effects, associated with the maximum intensity hurricane.

**FLOOD HAZARD AREA.** The greater of the following two areas:

- 1. The area in a floodplain subject to the base flood.
- 2. The area designated as a *flood hazard area* on a community's flood hazard map, or otherwise legally designated.

**STORM SURGE FLOOD.** The flooding associated with the maximum storm surge inundation associated with the maximum intensity hurricane modeled using an *approved* source such as the National Hurricane Center's Sea, Lake and Overland Surges from Hurricanes (SLOSH).

**STORM SURGE FLOOD ELEVATION.** The elevation corresponding to the *storm surge flood*, including coastal wave effects

STORM SURGE FLOOD HAZARD AREA. The area subject to the storm surge flood

#### SECTION 203 SYMBOLS AND NOMENCLATURE

 $F_{aH}$  = flood load on *hurricane shelters* in accordance with Section 303.5.

#### SECTION 302 LOAD COMBINATIONS

**302.2 Strength design.** Where strength design or load and resistance factor design (LRFD) is used, *storm shelters* and portions thereof shall be designed to resist the most critical effects resulting from the following combinations of factored loads. Each load combination shall also be investigated with one or more of the variable loads set to zero.

For tornado shelters:

1.4 <i>D</i>	(Equation 3-1)
$1.2D + 1.6L_T + 0.5L_{rT}$	(Equation 3-2)
$1.2D + 1.6L_{rT} + (L_T \text{ or } 0.5W_T)$	(Equation 3-3)
$1.2D + 1.0W_T + L_T + 0.5L_{rT}$	(Equation 3-4)
$0.9D + 1.0W_T$	(Equation 3-5)

#### For hurricane shelters:

1.4 <i>D</i>	(Equation 3-6)
$1.2D + 1.6L + 0.5(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H)$	(Equation 3-7)
$1.2D + 1.6(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H) + (L \text{ or } 0.5W_H)$	(Equation 3-8)
$1.2D + 1.0W_H + L + 0.5(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H)$	(Equation 3-9)
$0.9D + 1.0W_H$	(Equation 3-10)

In addition, for *hurricane shelters* subject to the requirements of Section 402.1 and located in:

Coastal high-hazard area or a Coastal A Zone:

$1.2D + 1.0W_H + 2.0F_{aH} + L + 0.5(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H)$ $0.9D + 1.0W_H + 2.0F_{aH}$	(Equation 3-11) (Equation 3-12)
All other locations:	
$1.2D + 0.5W_H + 1.0F_{aH} + L + 0.5(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H)$	(Equation 3-13)
$0.9D + 0.5W_H + 1.0F_{aH}$	(Equation 3-14)

**302.3 Allowable stress design.** Where allowable stress design (ASD, working stress design) is used, *storm shelters* and portions thereof shall be designed to resist the most

critical effects resulting from the following combinations of loads. Each load combination shall also be investigated with one or more of the variable loads set to zero.

For tornado shelters:

 $D + L_T$ 

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$D + L_{rT}$	(Equation 3-16)
$D + 0.75L_T + 0.75L_{rT}$	(Equation 3-17)
$D + 0.6W_T$	(Equation 3-18)
$D + 0.75L_T + 0.75(0.6W_T) + 0.75L_{rT}$	(Equation 3-19)
$0.6D + 0.6W_T$	(Equation 3-20)
For hurricane shelters:	,
D + L	(Equation 3-21)
$D + (L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H)$	(Equation 3-22)
$D + 0.75L + 0.75(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H)$	(Equation 3-23)
$D + 0.6W_{H}$	(Equation 3-24)
$D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6W_H) + 0.75(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H)$	(Equation 3-25)
$0.6D + 0.6W_H$	(Equation 3-26)
In addition, for hurricane shelters subject to the requiremen	ts of Section 402.1 and
located in:	
Coastal high-hazard area or a Coastal A Zone:	
D . O CW . 4 FF	(Fauration 2.07)

$D + 0.6W_H + 1.5F_{aH}$	(Equation 3-27)
$D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6W_H) + 0.75(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H) + 1.5F_{aH}$	(Equation 3-28)
$0.6D + 0.6W_H + 1.5F_{aH}$	(Equation 3-29)

All other locations:

$D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6W_H) + 0.75(L_{rH} \text{ or } R_H) + 0.75F_{aH}$	(Equation 3-30)
$0.6D + 0.6W_H + 0.75F_{aH}$	(Equation 3-31)

#### SECTION 303 LOADS

**303.5 Flood loads.** Where subject to the requirements of Section 402.1, *flood loads*, including wave action, shall be determined using a flood elevation not less than the minimum floor elevation in Section 402.6.

#### SECTION 402 FLOOD CRITERIA

**402.1 General.** Flood criteria shall apply to *storm shelters* in accordance with Table 402.1. *Storm shelters* shall be sited and elevated in accordance with Sections 402.2 through 402.6.4 and shall be designed and constructed to resist the effects of flood hazards and flood loads in accordance with Section 303.5.

## TABLE 402.1 STORM SHELTERS REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH SECTION 402

STORM SHEETERS REQUIRED TO COMPET WITH		
	Location of Shelter	

(Equation 3-15)

Type of Shelter	Flood hazard area	500-year flood hazard area	Storm surge flood hazard area
Community tornado shelter	All	Risk Category IV facilities or serving Risk Category IV facilities <sup>a</sup>	NA
Community hurricane shelter	All	All	All
Residential tornado shelter	All	NA	NA
Residential hurricane shelter	All	All <sup>b</sup>	All

NA = not applicable

**402.2 Design criteria.** The design and construction of *storm shelters* or portions thereof located in the areas indicated in Table 402.1, including *coastal high-hazard areas* and *coastal A zones* shall be in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, and ASCE 24 except for the floor elevations for *storm shelters* required in Section 402.6.

**402.3 Determining flood elevations and floodway.** The *flood elevation* and floodway shall be determined using the flood hazard map adopted by the applicable governing authority. Where *flood elevations* and floodway are not included in the flood hazard map, or where a *flood elevation study* is not adopted by the applicable governing authority, the *flood elevation* and floodway shall be determined in accordance with one of the following:

- 1. Utilize a *flood elevation* and floodway data available from federal, state or other *approved* source.
- Determine the flood elevation and floodway in accordance with the accepted hydrologic and hydraulic engineering practices used to prepare a flood elevation study. Determination shall be undertaken by a registered design professional who shall document that the technical methods used reflect currently accepted engineering practice.

**402.4 Flood information.** Flood information shall be provided on the construction documents in accordance with Section 106.2.1.

a. Risk categories are determined in accordance with Table 1604.5 of the *International Building Code*.

b. Where the 500-year flood hazard area is mapped and the 500-year flood elevation is available in the flood elevation study adopted by the authority having jurisdiction.

**402.5 Storm shelter siting.** *Storm shelters* shall be located outside of the following highrisk areas:

- 1. Coastal high-hazard areas and coastal A zones
- 2. Floodways

**Exception:** Storm shelters shall be permitted in coastal high-hazard areas and coastal A zones where permitted by the Board of Appeals in accordance with the provisions of the International Building Code or International Residential Code.

**402.6 Minimum floor elevation of storm shelters.** Where *storm shelters* are located in the areas indicated in Table 402.1, the minimum floor elevations of *storm shelters* shall be determined in accordance with Sections 402.6.1, 402.6.2, 402.6.3 and 402.6.4, as applicable.

- **402.6.1 Minimum floor elevation of community tornado shelters.** The lowest floor used for the *occupied storm shelter areas* and *occupant support areas* of a *community tornado shelter* shall be elevated to or above the highest of the elevations determined by all of the following:
  - 1.—The minimum elevation of the lowest floor required by the *authority having jurisdiction*.
  - 2.-One foot (305 mm) above the base flood elevation.
  - 3.–For *storm shelters* that are Risk Category IV facilities or serving Risk Category IV facilities:
    - 3.1. The 500-year flood elevation.
    - 3.2. Two feet (6610 mm) above the base flood elevation.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. A *community tornado shelter* is not required to be elevated to the level required by Items 1 through 3, where all of the following are met:
  - 1.1. The *storm shelter* is completely within a *host building* that is dry floodproofed in accordance with ASCE 24 to the elevation prescribed in Items 1 through 3; or the *storm shelter* is dry floodproofed in accordance with ASCE 24 to the elevation prescribed in Items 1 through 3.
  - 1.2. The *storm shelter* has at least one door, emergency escape opening or hatch complying with Chapter 5 that has the bottom of the opening located above the dry floodproofing elevation.
  - 1.3. The elevation of the floor of the *storm shelter* is not more than 36 inches (914 mm) below the elevation required by Items 1 through 3.
- 2. Where a *community tornado shelter* is constructed within an existing *host building*, only Item 1 shall apply.
- **402.6.2 Minimum floor elevation of community hurricane shelters.** The lowest floor used for the *occupied storm shelter areas* and *occupant support areas* of a *community hurricane shelter* shall be elevated to or above the highest of the elevations determined by all of the following:
  - 1. The minimum elevation of the lowest floor required by the *authority having jurisdiction*.

- 2. Two feet (610 mm) above the base flood elevation.
- 3.-The 500-year flood elevation.
- 4.—The storm surge flood elevation

**402.6.3 Minimum floor elevation of residential tornado shelters.** The lowest floor of a *residential tornado shelter* shall be elevated to or above the highest of the elevations determined by all of the following:

- 1. The minimum elevation of the lowest floor required by the *authority having jurisdiction*.
- 2. One foot (305 mm) above the base flood elevation.

**Exception:** Where a residential tornado shelter is constructed within an existing host building, only Item 1 shall apply.

**402.6.4 Minimum floor elevation of residential hurricane shelters.** The lowest floor of a *residential hurricane shelter* shall be elevated to or above the highest of the elevations determined by all of the following:

- 1.—The minimum elevation of the lowest floor required by the *authority having jurisdiction*.
- 2. The 500-year flood elevation.
- 3. The storm surge flood elevation.

#### Reason:

#### **Proposal**

As a follow-on to other proposal to update the reference edition from ASCE 7-16 to ASCE 7-22, further revise the reference edition to ASCE 7-22 with Supplements, which will be published later this spring. These supplements include 1) update various reference standards and 2) completely overhaul of the flood load provisions in ASCE 7 Chapter 5.

#### Rationale

The ASCE 7 flood load provision have not been updated for many years. The flood load subcommittee integrated the latest science and engineering on flood loads and addressed many longstanding challenges with the chapter, including moving to a reliability-based approach more consistent with the direction of seismic and wind loads. The Flood Load Subcommittee chair, Dr. Dan Cox from Oregon State University, presented a special webinar for the ICC 500 Committee on Feb 28 from 3:00-4:30 eastern time. He reviewed the changes to Chapter 5 and answer questions. The webinar will be recorded for those who cannot attend during that time slot.

Staff Note: The ICC has received question on this criteria related to requirements for determining elevation of storm surge for coastal areas similar to Section 402.3.

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# Appendix STORM SHELTER PREPAREDNESS AND EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN (SSPEOP)

#### IS-STM A-01-23 A104.4.1

Proponent: ICC 500 Appendix Work Group

Revise as follows:

## SECTION A104 SSPEOP BASIC INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

**A104.4.1 Storm shelter floor plans.** A storm shelter floor plan shall be provided. The plan shall indicate the following:

- 1. Access and means of egress doors.
- 2. Emergency escape openings and overhead hatches, where provided.
- 3. *Impact-protective systems* that need to be secured in place.
- 4. Layout and function of occupant support areas.
- 5. Mechanical vents or mechanical ventilation systems that need to be activated, where provided.
- 6. Water closet and lavatory locations, including locations for set up of temporary water closets and lavatories, where provided.
- 7. Emergency and Standby power supply, where provided.
- 8. Storage of required supplies such as first aid kits and flashlights.
- 9. Location of fire extinguishers.

**Reason:** This list should be coordinated with Work Group 3 call regarding external 'critical support systems' w/ respect to effective plan area. Term isn't used in the appendix, but systems are listed to be identified on floor plans (here) and to be evaluated (A105.6.1).

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#### IS-STM A-02-23 A105.1, A105.2, A105.2.1, A105.2.2

Proponent: ICC 500 Appendix Work Group

Revise as follows:

### SECTION A105 SSPEOP PREPAREDNESS REQUIREMENTS

**A105.1 General.** An *approved* SSPEOP shall include preparedness requirements as required in accordance with Sections A105.2 through 105.6.4.1. The purpose of the plan's preparedness components is to verify that the *storm shelter* is ready and maintained for use and will be fully operational during the storm.

**A105.2 Storm shelter management team.** The SSPEOP shall include *storm shelter management team* roles and duties. At a minimum, the roles <u>and duties</u> of storm shelter manager, storm shelter assistant manager <del>and general staff</del> shall be identified.

<u>A105.2.1 Back up roles.</u> The SSPEOP shall identify the primary individual currently assigned to each <u>storm shelter management team</u> role and shall identify back-up staff for management roles and for general staff roles that are assigned duties considered critical to shelter emergency operations.

**A105.2.2 Duties.** The SSPEOP shall identify the *storm shelter management team* primary and back-up roles charged with the following critical duties:

- 1. Authorization to issue an order to activate the *storm shelter*.
- 2. Authorization to issue an all clear for storm shelter deactivation.
- 2.3. Unlocking Opening the storm shelter to admit occupants, where applicable, and
- 3.4. Securing and locking down all *impact-protective systems* prior to the storm.
- 4. Authorization to issue an all clear for storm shelter deactivation.

A105.2.1 A105.2.2 Contact information. Current contact information for all identified primary and back-up shelter management team roles shall include phone numbers and email addresses. Contact information shall be updated no less than one time per year or as needed.

#### Reason:

A105.2 – deleted 'and general staff' - Seems overly generic and 'general staff' isn't really a role. Also, if 2 or 3 individuals are listed under 'general staff', then confusion could arise over whom performs specific duties.

A105.2.1 (New) - delete redundant language

A105.2.2 (current) - Item 3 – unlocking changed to 'opening shelter for activation' (modified for clarity); Move Item 2 to bottom so the list is in order of events – renumber remaining items.

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#### IS-STM A-03-23 A105.3

Proponent: ICC 500 Appendix Work Group

Revise as follows:

### SECTION A105 SSPEOP PREPAREDNESS REQUIREMENTS

**A105.3 Community outreach and notification.** The SSPEOP shall include the methods and procedures chosen to contact, notify and update the intended occupants of the *storm shelter*. Notifications shall include regarding the following information:

- 1. Days and hours when the *storm shelter* will be operational, including expectation of *storm shelter* use during off-hours, where applicable.
- 2. Activation signals and drills. The preferred and any alternative means of notifying the general public or intended occupants of the need to move to the *storm shelter*. The notification methods shall be distinct from other hazard warning signals. Where provided, a description of the emergency voice/alarm communication system alert tone and preprogrammed voice messages shall be included.
- 3. Accessing the *storm shelter*, including location of entrances and parking where applicable.
- 4. Policies and procedures regarding:
  - 4.1. Public health and infectious disease.
  - 4.2. Pets.
  - 4.3. Occupancy Storm shelter occupant rules.
  - 4.4. Deactivation.
- 5. Shelter contact information.

#### Reason:

Recommendation on ways to notify public:

As currently written, the requirement for specific information is only implied.

Item 2: separate activation from drills - remove 'and drills'

Item 4.3 is a clarification

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